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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

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VOL. V NO. 55 BOMBAY: MONDAY, MARCH 5, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

P. & O. SAILINGS.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London, calling at Marseilles, at frequent intervals.

Steamers will also be despatched for Australia and for China and Japan.

Further particulars regarding fares, names of steamers and dates of departure of the above vessels will be furnished on application to the Undersigned.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

The British India Co., will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South Africa at frequent intervals.

NOTICE.

HOLIDAY TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

In view of the difficulties now attendant on passages to Europe, the P. and O. Company beg to announce that arrangements have been made to introduce special six months' Holiday Return Tickets to Australia and New Zealand. Many of the P. and O. Company's outward and homeward Australian Mail steamers will call at Bombay during the next few months and there will be ample room for any passengers desirous of visiting Australasia.

Six Months' Holiday Return Tickets.

	1st Saloon. Rs.	2nd Saloon Rs.
To Melbourne	630	450
,, Sydney	690	480
,, New Zealand (Auckland and Wellington).	870	680

24 Months' Return Tickets.

	Rs.	Rs.
To Melbourne	900	675
,, Sydney	945	720
,, New Zealand	1,080	855

Full particulars regarding dates and fares can also be obtained on application to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF S. N. CO., LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation. Deck passengers also carried.

For further particulars regarding fares names of steamers and dates of departure of the above vessels will be furnished on application to

HAJI SULTANALI SKUSHTARY & Co.,
Agents.
19, Rampart Row,

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GANJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact, many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out.

They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kamania Oil.

SHIPPING

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

To Japan, etc.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hong-Kong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the UNDERSIGNED.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE

TEXAS COMPANY

Incorporated in Texas (U. S. A.)

Petroleum and it Products.

KING'S BUILDINGS,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY,

The following high grade brands of Kerosen Oil imported in cases packed in America are ready for delivery:—

BRANDS.

Southern Star 150° Rs. 7-9-0 per case.
Unicorn 125° Rs. 7-2-0 per case.

Deliveries will be made free of charge to all buyers in Bombay.

For further particulars apply to

Messrs. AHMED HUSEIN & Co.

Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE INDIGO DEALERS

AND

SUPPLIERS TO MILLS.

MESSRS. GIRDHARIDAS RADHAKISHENDAS.

Head Office: Barbhai Mohalla, Post No. 3,

BOMBAY.

Telegraphs: "GOODWILL." Telephone No. 2709.

BANKERS, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS AND EXPORTERS OF SEEDS, GROCERY, COTTON YARN, ETC., TO EGYPT, CYPRUS, ETC.

Branches: Madras, Karachi, Cawnpore, Shikarpur (Sind), Chaman (Baluchistan).

AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA.

PICTURES & PHOTOS

Framed Smartly at the Cheapest Rates

KING & CO.,

Next to Evans Fraser's,
Hornby Road BOMBAY.

PARISIAN DAIRY Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Eplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisuma
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Daressalam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank. Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,38,650

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches:

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

Bankers to the Government in Basrah.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £562,500
Reserve Fund £550,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants, Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA & CEYLON, MALAY STATES, JAPAN.

Bombay	Singapore	Hongkong
Calcutta	Penang	Shanghai
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Karachi	Kwala Lumpor	Foochow
Delhi	Ipoh	Hankow
Amritsar	Klang	Peking
Rangoon	Seremban	Tientsin
Tavoy	Taiping	Yokohama
Colombo		Kobe

JAVA & SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, PHILIPPINES SIAM.

Batavia	Saigon	Manila,	Bangkok
Sourabaya	Haiphong	Cebu	Puket
Medan		Hoilo	

NEW YORK; and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued, does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Esplanade Road.
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturday—10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... $ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

INSURANCE

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.
(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.
(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.
(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan,
42, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

THE ZENITH LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.

Managing Agents:—H. M. MEHTA & Co.

Policyholders can vote at meetings of the Company and thus have a voice in its management.

Funds are invested in Government and other Securities authorised by the Indian Trust Act.

The Rates of Premiums are equitable for India, and the lowest that can with safety be offered to the assured.

Policies issued on most liberal conditions and unnecessary restrictions abolished.

For Prospectus, forms and other particulars, please apply to:—

N. B. LALA,
Secretary,
43, Forbes Street Fort,
Bombay.

WANTED—Influential and active Agents throughout India and elsewhere.

THE

INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars—

Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS.

JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,

113, Esplanade Road, Fort.

HOTELS

THE EVER POPULAR

EMPRESS HOTEL NASIK ROAD DEOLALI.

MODERATE CHARGES

FAMOUS FOR CUISINE

SPACIOUS GYMKHANA.

The rendezvous of the elite of

BOMBAY

A. VIANELLI,

Chowpatty, BOMBAY.

"KRISHNA BHUVAN,"

Mahableshwar

BEST, CHEAPEST HOTEL FOR HINDUS

Month's Boarding and Lodging Rs. 75,

For particulars apply to:

THE PROPRIETOR.

CORONATION DURBAR RESTAURANT

21, Church Gate Street.

ICE CREAM AND FALOODA SPECIALISTS.

A Trial is Solicited.

SALE BY AUCTION

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

Auctioneers to the Government, G. I. P. Railway, etc.

No. 58, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1235.
Residence Telephone No. 696.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE on WEDNESDAY, the 7th March, 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE of Very Rich latest Artistic Designed and Specially Selected and Made-to-Order High Class Household Furniture by the Well-known Makers, Devji Canji and others, English Gramophone, Indian Hand carved Ladies' Devenporte, etc., etc.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, the very valuable substantial and highly polished latest artistic designed made-to-order and specially selected household furniture by the well-known Makers, Messrs. Devji Canji and others, such as rich dining tables, dining chairs, rich mirrored side boards, dinner waggons, rich English designed Genoa velvet lined and silk tapestry lined complete suites of sofas and chairs for the drawing and sitting rooms, Wimbridge pattern large mirrored cabinets, rich corner cabinets, specially ordered, revolving roll top office table by Devji Canji, rich jardineer stands, rich teapoys, rich mirrored hatstands, rich marble centre tables, rich ornaments, Indian hand-carved ladies' Devenporte, rich book cases, Queen Anne Pattern bed-room cabinets, dressing almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, rich dressing chests of drawers, marble topped dressing and washing tables, single iron bedsteads, English gramaphones, rich pictures, wall clocks, rich brass flower pots, Lady's saddle, rich glass porcelain and platedware, etc., etc.

The property of V. L. R. Chart, Esq., Chief Assistant Auditor and Accountant, G. I. P. Railway, proceeded Home and others.

Catalogues are published and theh property is on view.

MEHTA and Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th March, 1917.

MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1,971 BAGS WAX, ABOUT 6,097 WOODEN PLANKS, 693 GLASS JARS ACETIC ACID, 161 CSES GHEE AND ABOUT 1,521 BAGS

MIXED GRAIN.

Under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th March, 1917, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at C Shed of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Co.'s Carnac Bridge Goods Station, the following goods discharged, Ex. S.S. India (late S.S. Vorwaerts), being perishable or damaged cargo, or cargo indistinguishable owing to obliteration of marks:—

About 1,971 bags wax.
,, 6,097 wooden planks.
,, 693 glass jars acetic acid.
,, 161 cases ghee.
,, 1,521 bags grain such as rice methi, bran gram, etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 CASES 697 TINS, GREEN CRYSTALS (ANILINE DYES).

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th March, 1917, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at their Rooms, by order of Messrs. Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., the following aniline dyes:—

6 cases, 571 tins, Malachite, Green Crystals No. 447 (Aniline Dyes).

2 cases 126 tins Green Crystals (aniline dyes) of different labels.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE of Laboratory Goods, Iso, Soaps, Coloured Glazed Wrappers, Shade Cards, Books on Cotton Dying, Perunol, Photo Dry Plates, etc., belonging to the Berlin Aniline Coy. (Hostile Firms in Liquidation.).

Under instructions from P. S. Mellor, Esq., Controller of Hostile Trading concerns, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, of WEDENESDAY, the 7th March, 1917, a 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), at their rooms, the following goods belonging to the Berlin Aniline Coy. (Hostile Firm in liquidation):—

Laboratory goods, Iso Soap, coloured glazed wrappers, shade cards, books on cotton dying, Perunol, photo dry plates, wooden screen, table, cupboard, etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay 5th March, 1917.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20 APOLLO STREET, FORT

TEL. NO. 3409.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE, CHOICE AND RARE GARDEN PLANTS. AUCTION SALE ON SUNDAY, 11TH MARCH, 1917, AT 8 A.M. (S. T.), MORNING.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will, on SUNDAY, the 11th day of March, 1917, at 8 a.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at Little Gibbs Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable, choice and rare garden plants comprising, palms, standard roses, crotons, coleus, dracaenas, bigonias, ferns, chrysanthemums, Japanese bamboo grass, iron garden stands, garden boxes with annuals, etc., etc.

The property of S. D. Smith Esq., Assistant Collector of Excise, changing bungalow.

The above will be on view on 9th and 10th March, from 12 noon to 7-30 p.m.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th March, 1917.

IN 8 MINUTES
BIKSON'S RHEUMATISM BALM
cures all kinds of pain.
TRY IT
Two Sizes: Re. 1 and As. 12.

SPECIAL SHORT PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS, ETC.

"Wanted," "To Be Let" and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding four lines (24 words), Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words), or part of a line, 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2-0-0 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Four annas per line, or Rs. 2 per inch. Minimum space three lines. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch. Minimum charge Re. 1-8.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Subscription Rates. Rs 30 per annum payable yearly, half yearly, or quarterly in advance.

Special Contract rates for advertisements can be had on application to:

MANAGING-DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 8 Medows Street, Fort.

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. K. F. MADAN, B.A.'s NEW MATRICULATION MATHEMATICS CLASS will restart working for 1918 Exams. at Grant Road and/or Fort from 11th June. For particulars and terms write opp. Post Office, Mahim. 678

MATRIMONIAL.

WANTED—An educated young man of the Bhatnagar Kayasth sect to marry an accomplished young lady of the same sect age about 18 belonging to a well-to-do and respectable Kayasth family in Upper India. Apply to Box. No. 626, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7273

WANTED

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE of "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

WANTED—2 Good TYPISTS, One RECORD CLERK and One ACCOUNTANT; salary Rs. 40, 50 and 60 respectively. Apply COMMANDANT, Works Directorate Depot, Dadar, Bombay. 7211

WANTED.—Immediately a GRADUATE EUROPEAN or INDIAN LADY to be Companion to a lady of a very respectable Hindu Family for two hours daily at her residence. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with terms and references to Box No. 627, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7275.

WANTED.—An energetic, honest and industrious STOREKEEPER capable of handling mechanical and Electrical Stores and machinery. He must be thoroughly conversant with Book-keeping and Accounts. Persons having the requisite qualifications need only apply. Salary from Rs 100 to Rs 150 per month according to qualifications. Apply to Box. No. 628, Advt Dept., "Bombay Chronicle. 7277

WANTED—One experienced HINDU GRADUATE to fill the post of HEAD MASTER, in the Seth Chaturbhuj Shivjee Anglo-Gujarati School. Pay Rs. 50 to begin with, and future chances for good work. Therefore candidates need apply with testimonials to the

SECRETARY,
Chaturbhuj Shivjee Anglo-Gujarati School,
7275 Cannel Road, Cawnpore.

WANTED—Everybody to know that "Free Treatment of Accidents and Injuries" together with a Prospectus is sent free to any address by THE KALPATARU AYURVEDIC WORKS & STORES (Dopasanko, Calcuttal, *the Best and Biggest Ayurvedic House in India*, manufacturing GENUINE SHASTRIC Medicines and MACHINE-MADE TABLETS under direct supervision of its founder MAHAMAHOPADHYAYA KAVIRAJ GANANATH SEN, SARASWATI, M.A., L.M.S.
Apply to-day at once.

WANTED—A MECHANICAL ENGINEER with First Class Certificate and knowledge of Motor Engine, to serve as Superintendent of Fire Brigade and Workshops on pay from Rs. 100 to 120 per mensem. Probation for 12 months. Applications, stating age, accompanied by copies of testimonials, to reach Undersigned before 20th March 1917.

(Sd.) ASARDAS, M. N.,
7087 President, Shikarpur Municipality.

FRENCH INSTITUTE.

AN EVENING CLASS for BEGINNERS will be opened from the 15th of February; MONDAYS, THURSDAYS, 6-30 to 7-30, Rs. 2 per month payable in advance, or Rs. 10 for six months. It is particularly important not to miss the first lessons. Apply to PROF LOUIS PELTIER, Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

WANTED

WANTED—MATRICS on Rs. 20 and P.E.'s on Rs. 25. Apply with testimonials to the EDUCATIONAL INSPECTOR, Gondal. 7231

WANTED—A MARATHI SPEAKING GRADUATE for Social and Political Work. Apply stating terms and qualifications mentioning previous study and experience to Box No. 622, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7251

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—2 LADIES FOR CHORUS in Maurice E. Bandman and Wolseley Charles' new musical Comedy and Revue Productions. Apply 10-30 a.m., to-day to Mr. WOLSELEY CHARLES at EXCELSIOR THEATER. 7263

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN or a retired Govt. servant to join as a sleeping partner in a profitable and easy business, with a capital of about twenty thousand rupees. Likely profits over 25 per cent. If preferred the amount may be given as a loan on interest with good Security. Apply to Box No. 604, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7174

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One WESTINGHOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P. 460 volts 150/1100 R. P. M. complete with shunt regulator and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

MATRIC STUDENTS—For rapidly revising the Tudor Period in History, read "Outlines of the Tudor Period." Can be had from BOOKSELLERS. Price Annas 4. 7225

FOR SALE.—A MOTOR OMNIBUS, 4 cylinders H.P. 40 to 45, maker Crossly, carrying 5 tons convertible into motor lorry. Apply for particulars to Box No. 587, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7099.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Bungalow at Lonavla consisting of Sitting-room, Dining-room 7 bedrooms, 7 bathrooms, cookroom, storeroom, servants' quarters. Apply to REV. S. H. AUERNHEIMER, Malkapur, Berar. 7254

MASTER-KEY sets of 6 Padlocks, 1½in. with one non-interchangeable key to each lock and 2 master-keys to fit all 6. Rs. 13 per set; with 2 non-interchangeable keys to each Padlock and 2 master-keys, Rs 15 per set. R. H. PATUCK & Co. 14, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

TO BE LET

TO BE LET—GODOWNS and upper 3 floors suitable for offices, clubs, residence, hotel, etc. situated at Appolo Street, near Stock Bazar, Fort, opp. Messrs. LIPTONS, Ltd. Rent moderate. Apply to HARIRAM NATHUBHAI, c/o Messrs. Dharsi Nanji & Co., Danabunder, Bombay No. 3, Tel. No. 1311. 7188.

DEOLALI.—"CAMP VIEW"—TO LET—Apply to Mr. CAMA c/o the "Chronicle" office, Medow Street.

MATHERAN.—For Bungalows for the hot season Apply early to LORDS, Matheran Stores. 7118

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC MEETING of the Inhabitants of Bombay called by the Sheriff "for the purpose of inviting the wholehearted support of the people of the Bombay Presidency to the Government of India WAR LOAN" will be held in the TOWN HALL THIS MONDAY afternoon the 5th March, 1917, at 5-45 o'clock (S.T.). 7276

LOST.

FEBRUARY 28th morning in Hornby Road BROWN NOTE BOOK Army No. 153, containing papers valualess except to owner-Finder rewarded on returning to

LIEUT. W. H. PIKE.
7260. Hotel Majestic.

NOTICE

LOST—Between Cumballa War Hospital and Green's Taxi Stand, on the evening of 2nd March, a LADY'S HANDBAG, containing a sum of money in notes, a locket and chain and identity disc, bearing the name SISTER SIBLEY, Q. A. I. M. N. S. R. Kindly return to MATRON, Cumballa War Hospital. 7272

NOTICE.

THE STANDARD MILLS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 12th March, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1916.
To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
To confirm the appointments of Messrs. R. D. Tata, A. J. Bilimoria & N. B. Saklatwala as Directors.
To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
To elect two Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
To transact any other business which may be brought forward.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from the 26th February, to 12th March, 1917 both days inclusive.

By Order,
TATA SONS & Co.,
Agents

Bombay, 21st February, 1917.

N. B.—The Dividend, when sanctioned will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office, on and after MONDAY, the 19th March 1917, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 25th February, 1917, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each shareholder to his last given address. 7137

PUBLIC NOTICES

The Tarpauling Fancy Goods and Footwear Manufacturing Coy., Ltd.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act of 1913.

PROSPECTUS.

CAPITAL Rs. 2,00,000 (with powers to increase) DIVIDED into 20,000 Shares of Rs. 10 each, payable as under:—

Rs. 2 per Share with Application.
Rs. 3 per Share on allotment.

AND the balance of Rs. 5 per Share will be called after three months' notice is given.

DIRECTORS :—

1. JOSEPH BAPTISTA, Esqr., B.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, Matharpakdi, Mazagaon, Bombay.—*Chairman.*
2. WAMANRAO DADAJEE RANE, Esqr., Landlord and Merchant, New Queen's Road, Bombay.
3. LACHIRAM CHELLARAM VADWA, Esqr., (Manager Messrs. Mohandas Lachiram & Co.,) Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
4. SHETH MAHOMEDBHAI ESUFBHAI JARIWALLA, Merchant, Chaupatty, Bombay.
5. KESHAVLAL DEVSHANKAR, ACHARYA, Esqr., Merchant, Girgaon Road Bombay.—(*Ex-Officio*).

BANKERS :—

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

AUDITORS :—

Messrs. C. H. SOPARIWALLA & CO., BOMBAY.

SOLICITORS :—

Messrs. CHITNIS MOTILAL & KANGA, BOMBAY.

SECRETARIES, TREASURERS & AGENTS :—

Messrs. RANE & CO., BOMBAY.

REGISTERED OFFICE :—

121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PROSPECTUS.

THIS Company has been formed for the purpose of manufacturing out of Tarpauling Canvas and other materials all foot-wear and fancy goods and thereby to supply cheap and durable substitutes for leather manufactured articles.

India has been for centuries deservedly famous as the land of the pious and the humane where any kind of pain or cruelty inflicted on sentient beings is looked upon with the greatest disfavour. Millions of Hindus and Jains regard it a sacrilege even to touch animal food and they severely set their faces against all kinds of sport involving cruelty to animals. Yet in this very land innumerable animals are slaughtered day after day not only for their flesh but also for their skins which render possible the enormous hide trade of the country. The export of hides to foreign countries from India amounts to lakhs of rupees every year. The local leather industry is also very extensive and when to this are added the vast quantities of boots, shoes, bags, trunks, straps, belts, harnesses, purses and other leather goods imported into India it should cause no surprise that the total annual figures for these things should run into millions.

All this must necessarily involve an enormous amount of slaughter and religious minded people here will be ready to reduce the slaughter if they can do so. Many Hindus and Jains use wood, canvas and other material for household foot-wear, but economic laws are as inexorable as the laws of nature; and as long as decent good looking and durable substitutes for leather goods are not forthcoming it would be futile to expect that any amount of pious sentiment alone can reduce the output of the leather industry and the slaughter of animals which it involves.

Such a substitute is at last forthcoming: Mr. Keshavlal Devshankar Acharya of the firm of the Managing Agents and *Ex-officio* Director has for nearly ten years spent considerable money and energy in attempting to find some suitable substitute which can effectively replace leather in the manufacture of all foot-wear and fancy goods. He has succeeded in showing that the best kinds of boots and shoes and other foot-wear and fancy articles which are at present made of leather can be manufactured out of tarpauling and canvas and placed on the market at competitive prices. The Directors are satisfied that under his experienced management and supervision the Company will turn out a financial success. The articles manufactured by the Company will in appearance and finish satisfy every taste and will easily remind one of the best available in the fashionable houses of London and Paris.

The Directors estimate that the cost of manufacturing 500 pairs of boots, 1,200 pairs of shoes and 300 pairs of slippers every month will amount to Rs. 29,025 every year and the expenses for placing them on the market will come to about Rs. 21,360 annually thus making a total annual expenditure of Rs. 50,385-0-0; while the articles manufactured should on a reasonable basis sell for Rs. 62,400 every year leaving a balance of Rs. 12,015-0-0 or a nett profit of 12 per cent. per annum on the paid up Capital of the Company. The Company will thus be a flourishing and dividend earning concern through whose instrumentality an ever increasing amount of humanitarian work can be done by providing a substitute for leather in the manufacture of foot-wear and other goods.

The Articles of Association provide that the qualification of a Director other than the *Ex-Officio* Director other is to be the holding of 100 Shares in the Company and the remuneration of a Director is to be Rs. 20 for every Meeting of the Board attended by him.

The right of voting at General Meetings is one vote for every share.
The estimated preliminary expenses are Rs. 2,500.
The minimum subscription on which Directors may proceed to allotment is 1,000 Shares.

The following contracts are intended to be entered into:—

(a) A contract expressed to be between the Company of the one part and the firm of Messrs. Rane & Co., of the other part whereby the said firm is to be appointed Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents of the Company upon terms and conditions and remuneration as provided in the said Agreement marked A and annexed to the Articles of Association.

(b) The Agreement intended to be entered into by the Company with the firm of Messrs. Rane and Company marked B and appended to the Articles of Association to allot 100 Shares to the Agents or their nominee as fully paid up Shares in consideration of their having promoted the floating of the Company.

Mr. Wamanrao Dadajee Rane one of the Directors and Mr. Keshavlal Devshankar *Ex-officio* Director are members of the firm of the Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents and they are entitled to their respective share in the remuneration payable to the firm of Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Draft Agreements can be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company any time during business hours.

Prospectus and forms of application for Shares can be obtained at the office of the Company.

This Prospectus has been duly filed with the Registrar of the Joint-Stock Companies Bombay.

Dated this 26th of February, 1917.

JOSEPH BAPTISTA.
WAMANRAO DADJEE RANE.
LACHIRAM CHELLARAM VADWA.
MAHOMEDBHAI ESUFBHAI JARIWALLA
KESHAVLAL DEVSHANKER ACHARYA.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

To

THE DIRECTORS OF
The Tarpauling Fancy Goods & Footwear Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
Bombay.

GENTLEMEN,

Having paid to the Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents of the Tarpauling Fancy Goods and Footwear Company, Limited, the sum of Rupees..... being a deposit of Rs. 2 per Share on.....Shares in the abovenamed Company, I/we request you to allot me/us that number of Shares upon the term of the Company's Prospectus, dated the ..... day of..... 1917, and I/we hereby agree to accept the same or any smaller number that may be allotted to me/us and to pay Rs. ..... at Rs. 3 per Share on allotment, and the balance when called upon as provided by the said prospectus: and I/we authorise you to register me/us as the holder of the said Shares.....

Name in full.....
Address.....
Description.....
Date.....
Signature.....

PUBLIC NOTICES

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to one p.m. (Bombay Time), on FRIDAY, the 16th day of March, 1917, for the supply of (1) Hoes or Powras, (2) Hose Canvas, (3) Hose Rubber, (4) Iron and Steel and (5) Lead Pig.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive free of charge by the undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. The tenders delivered to officers other than the Chief Accountant of the Municipality or the Commissioner will not be considered.

4. It is particularly requested that any firm tendering for the Contract should intimate while submitting the Tender the names of the partners constituting the firm.

5. Tenders must be accompanied by deposits of Rs. 100, 1,250, 700, 1,000, 450, respectively, to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

6. Further payments to make the total deposits equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amounts will have to be made by the Contractors whose Tenders may be accepted. If the successful Tenderer pays Contract Deposit in G. Paper, he shall have to pay 20 per cent. extra.

7. The Municipal Commissioner reserves the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to other items in the same tender and the successful tenderer will be required to supply the same at the rate tendered.

8. The rates must be carefully entered by the intending tenderers and no variation or alteration therein will be allowed by the Commissioner on any account after the Tenders are opened.

9. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,

E. J. HALE,
Storekeeper,
Municipality.

Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 3rd March, 1917. 7278

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 453 of 1916.

DAMODAR ANANDJI, a firm ... Plaintiffs.
vs.
DHIRAJLAL BHIMBHAI and another ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 30th day of October, 1916, the following immoveable property will be sold by public auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 26th day of March, 1917, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the plaintiffs and of the defendants abovenamed in all those pieces or parcels of land or ground situate lying and being in the suburbs of Dumas in Sachin State, bearing Survey Nos. 231, 232, 233, 246, 272 and 174 and admeasuring in all sixteen acres and four gunthas together with the bungalows, buildings, houses and outhouses standing thereon and bounded as follows:—On or towards the South partly by the property of Dahya Runchord, partly by the property of Bania Laywalla and beyond that by the property of Bhimji Jairaj and partly by a gully and beyond by the said property of the said Bhimji Jairaj, on or towards the East partly by the property of Lalla Dulabh and partly by the property of Bhaka Pema, on or towards the North partly by the property of Nathubhai Dulabhbhai Tapodhan, partly by the said property of Bhaka Pema and partly by the property of Vala Patil and on or towards the West by a public road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the offices of Messrs. Madhavji, Kamdar and Chhotubhai, Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1917.

H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.

7274

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of ABDULLA EBRAHIM MISTRY, late of Bombay Cutchi Khatri Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Mistry, residing at Mahim, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

ADAM ABDULLA EBRAHIM also of Bombay Cutchi Khatri Mahomedan Inhabitant the eldest son of the deceased abovenamed residing at Ali Umar Street without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twenty-third day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and in the seventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court of Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,

This 23rd day of February, 1917.

Messrs. UNWALLA PEEROZSHAW & PAPA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. PHATAK and WALCHAND Ltd a joint stock company having its registered office in Bombay has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof, by way of inheritance, charge, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, easement, or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

FIRSTLY.—All those plots of land or ground together with the messuages tenement buildings or chawls and well standing thereon situate in the village of Hariyali in the District of Thana Taluka Salsette and registration Sub-District Kurla and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East partly by the Agra Road and partly by the property of Marwadi on or towards the West by a Hill belonging to Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed on or towards the North by the Pavai Road and on or towards the South by the property of the said Haroon Jan Mahomed.

Particulars of the said Plots are as follows:—

Survey No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Area acres	gunthas.	Amount of assessment. Rs. a. p.
96		nil.	18	39	2-0-0
96		nil.	19	7	0-8-0
96		nil.	20	10	0-8-0
99		1	nil.	0 3½	0-12-0
99		2	nil.	2 19½	13-0-0
99		3	nil.	0 14½	1-0-0
99		4	nil.	0 21½	1-0-0
99		5	nil.	0 15½	0-12-0
99		6	nil.	0 8½	0-8-0
99		nil.	1	0 7	0-4-0
99		nil.	2	0 3½	0-2-0
99		nil.	3	0 32½	2-0-0
99		nil.	4	0 1½	0-1-0
100		nil.	1	0 33	1-8-0
100		nil.	2	0 12	0-12-0
100		nil.	3	1 10	2-8-0
100		nil.	4	7 39	11-0-0
100		nil.	5	1 2	2-0-0
100		nil.	6	0 36	1-8-0
101		1	nil.	0 3½	6-0-0
102		nil.	1	0 11	0-8-0
102		nil.	3	0 6	0-4-0
103		1	nil.	0 13	1-8-0
103		2	nil.	0 17	2-0-0
103		3	nil.	0 33½	7-0-0
103		4	nil.	1 10½	16-0-0
103		5	nil.	0 5½	0-8-0
103		6	nil.	0 24½	2-8-0
103		7	nil.	0 17½	1-0-0
103		nil.	1	0 13	0-8-0
106		nil.	2	0 3	0-2-0
...		16	2	19	5-0-0
103		nil.	4	0 23	1-8-0
13		1	0	0 4½	0-4-0
14		1	0	0 17½	2-8-0

SECONDLY:—All these plots of land or ground together with the messuages tenements buildings or chawls and wells standing thereon and therein situate in the Village of Hariyali in the District of Thana Taluka Salsette and registration sub-district Kurla and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East partly by the Agra Road and partly by the property of the said Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed on or towards the West North and South by the property of the said Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed. Particulars of the said Plots are as follows:—

Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Area acres	gunthas.	Amount of assessment. Rs. a. p.
	96		19	2	19	5-8-0
	98	1	nil.	0	3½	0-2-0
2				2	22½	5-2-0

THIRDLY:—All those plots of land or ground together with the messuages tenements bungalows or chawls and well standing thereon and therein situate in the Village of Hariyali in the District of Thana Taluka Salsette and Registration Sub-district Kurla and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East partly by the Agra Road and partly by the property of the said Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed on or towards the West partly by the property of the said Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed and partly by the Hill belonging to the said Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed and on or towards the North and South by the property of the said Haji Haroon Jan Mahomed.

Particulars of the said plots are as follows:—

Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Area acres	gunthas.	Amount of assessment. Rs. a. p.
	96	nil.	6	0	29	1-8-0
	96	nil.	9	2	8	5-0-0
2				2	37	6-8-0

EDGELOW, GULARCHAND, WADIA & CO.
7279 Purchaser's Attorneys.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY
THE
ROYAL YAKUTI
(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No. PARHEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar

IT WILL PAY YOU
TO PURCHASE
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SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Rare opportunity for Indian Museums Collectors of Art Treasures, Indian Princes and for wealthy citizens of Bombay.

The most unique collections of art furniture of carved blackwood, teakwood and sandalwood with rare designs representing the studied subjects of old Indian Art, etc., etc.

Under instructions from Miss Goll, sister of the late Mr. E. A. Goll, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will THIS-DAY, MONDAY, the 5th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the ground floor of "Waterloo Mansion" Mayo Road, Fort, opposite the Museum, (where the goods have been removed for sale), all his remaining furniture consisting of valuable and unique collection of rare pieces of carved blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as very rare cabinets of most unique carving, blackwood superbly carved sideboard, upper portion representing the "Teen Darwaja", (three gates), the lower portion the "Kankaria," tank sluice and 3 oil paintings by Gangooly at the back, very handsome superbly carved large framed copy of Jaina Temple dove at Girnar, ancient designs teakwood "Kist" richly carved windows from Bijapur palaces, conventional flowers from the Taj Mahal with solid silver handles, sandalwood carved wall bracket, handsome artistically carved blackwood throne chair with madusa heads, handsomely carved in "Wave" design, blackwood Venetian chair, handsome teakwood hamlet chair in Gothic design, handsome solid blackwood pier table representing Ellora and Elephanta Caves with bronze apsaras (fairy), and huge Primarti and Tandava plate, superbly carved two hundred years' old partition, originally in the temple of Kathiawar and about 1780 brought to Khaira finest carving of that time, one solid bronze statue of "Shiva" as Mahadeva as lamp or candelebrum, teakwood cabinet representing the middle of Raja Birbal's daughter's palace at Fattehpur Shikri, handsome blackwood and teakwood carved cupboard representing the tomb of Kuthbudin Sha, and in the centre Kutab Minar, large brass wall plate exquisite work Damascus design, brass tray and jug inlaid with silver, a collection of English, French, German, books, etc., etc. Catalogues are published and the above is now on view.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 6th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at No. 41, New Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood artistic furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware by Reed and Barton, and Ellsington dining table and chairs large mirror sideboard and dinner wagon, drawing room suite in 10 pieces English design cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, hatsand, one sweet toned piano, handsome flower vases, electric standard lamps, writing tables, bookcases, engraving and oilpaintings, selected seasonwood bedroom furniture, fancy, teapoys, Curzon chairs, revolving chair, Wheeler sewing machine, office tables, verandah benches, meatsafes, Hinks and Ditmar table and hanging lamps, Persian carpets, China matting cooking utensils, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, etc. etc., the property of F. W. Wilson, Esq., Government Electric Inspector and Lieut-Col. E. W. Jennings, I.M.S. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on TUESDAY, the 6th instant, at 11 a.m. (B. T.) the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughterhouses, Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April 1917 to 31st March 1918, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Markets, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Markets, Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon, Ramatipura Market, Ferguson Road Fish Markets, Parel, Purbhadevi Road and Elphinstone Road Markets, from fresh and salt fish sellers, etc., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered either in line or outside under the eaves of the markets, and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets for 12 months, from 1st April 1917 to 31st March 1918.

For further particulars and conditions of sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th instant, at 5 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Thacurseydas Shivsamal's Godown, Dolut Line Codown, 1 Colaba, by order of Seth Shivsamal Shivdayal and on account and risk of Messrs. Ramgopal and Co.:—

100 full pressed bales of fine machine ginned Bengal cotton delivery order No. 50.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

A VERY RARE AND UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR GENTLEMEN WHO WANT REALLY VERY ARTISTIC AND ORNAMENTAL FURNITURE.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 11th day of March, 1917, and the following days, at 2 p.m., (S.T.), at "The Cliff" Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, very handsome and unique rich ornamental and rare furniture plated ware, pictures, porcelain China glass ware, clocks, carpets marble and other statues, etc., consisting of some very fine and handsomely carved mahogany cabinets, sideboards, dining table, wardrobes, bedsteads, sofas, chairs all made to especially selected designs, built by Roberts and Wimbridge and the rest imported from England.

Platedware and cutlery of the very best quality and especially ordered out from the well-known makers Messrs. Dickens and Jones of England.

Porcelain ware and ornaments consisting of Doulton's Royal Crown Derby, Coalport, Royal Worcester, Minton's, Dresdeus and Royal Hungarian.

Best Carara marble, and bronze statues and figures.

English and Indian silver ware and carved Ivory pieces best English carpets especially made to order and stair-carpets and rugs of best English makes.

Rare oil paintings by well-known painters in massive gold frames and selected other pictureces in ornamental frames:—

Grandfather and other clocks.

Japanese screens, ornaments and plates.

Finest crystal glass dinner services.

The whole of this splendid collection has been carefully selected by and is the property of Mr. Hormusji Nasherwanji Vakil who is changing his residence.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay 5th March, 1917.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-30 & 10 p.m

EMPIRE CINEMA

The Cinema that shows the pick of the

WORLD'S BEST PICTURES

A film version of the most successful Drama ever Written. Pathe's Wonderful Film

"TWO LITTLE VAGABONDS"

in 2 Periods and 8 Reels featuring

MARIE FROMET

THE wonderful child actress of

"LES MISERABLE" FAME

THIS WEEK 1ST EPISODE 4000 EET

BRITISH GOVERNMENT WAR FILM

MINING ACTIVITY ON THE BRITISH FRONT

EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS BY EMPIRE CINEMA

LOOK OUT FOR FURTHER SERIES

Another EMPIRE Exclusive

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

in "THUNDER AND LIGHTNING"

The world's greatest comedian in his happiest vein. A 3,000 feet comedy.

CROWDED NIGHTLY!

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30

GAIETY THEATRE

EDWARDES at 10 p.m.

PALACE OF VARIETIES

Presents

MISS ESSIE JENNINGS

In Another latest budget of Songs

C. MORRIS

Comedian and Dancer.

Return Visit

of

MISS MONA

The Popular Bombay Soubrette

in

CATCHY CHORUSES

Intercepted by

A GREAT LONDON PRODUCTION

THE CHILDREN OF THE CIRCUS.

AND

KEYSTONE COMEDIES.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

THURSDAY, MARCH 8th.

GRAND OPENING PERFORMANCE

and

Special Engagement following their enormous Sucess in China and Japan

of the

THE WHAT NOTS:

A HIGH CLASS VARIETY COMPANY

And

MYSTICAL ENTERTAINMENT

Comprising

RENVILLE ROBERTY

MASTER MAGICIAN

AND ILLUSIONIST

MISS IRENE BERYL

Classical and speciality dancing, chorus, ballad and Serio Singing, ragtime medleys.

"SHE STANDS ALONE"

CHARLIE

Comedian.

THAT'S ALL, with a Style of his own.

THE WARLEYS.

MINISTERS OF MIRTH.

Scatch Artists and dancers

BRILLIANT COSTUMES

and

SPECTACULAR LIGHT EFFECTS

Intercepted by

THE FLOWER GIRL OF MONT MARTRE

NEW ALEXANDRA

NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

Tel. 1882.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.

A Centaur Masterpiece

THE SOUL'S CYCLE

(in four artistic reels)

Featuring

MISS MARGARET GIBSON

and

A FULL GROWN LION.

The film of a lifetime dealing with the much discussed theme of the

TRANSMIGRATION OF SOULS

THRICE NIGHTLY:—7, 8-45 AND 10-30.

Prices: Re. 1, As. 8, 6, 4 and 2.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY at 6-30 and 9-45 p. m.

H. M. GOVERNMENT WAR FILMS

(1) With the Irish at the Front.

(2) Destruction of a German Blockhouse.

Remarkable War Pictures actually taken in the Firing Line.

"ADVENTURES OF A MADCAP"

A Merry and Bright Comedy Drama.

"MAX BECOMES A COOK"

A Max Linder Laughing feast.

Cinema Prices: Rs. 2, 1 and annas 8 and 4,

The Universal Special Feature Serial

written by the

Virile American Author Emerson Hough.

THE

54,000 Feet. THE BROKEN COIN 10,000 feet. every week

featuring

The Most Popular and Prominent Figures

GRACE CUNARD as KITTY GRAY	FRANCIS FORD as COUNT FREDRICK	EDIE POLO as ROLEAUX

The Greatest Sensation of the Season.

SEE IT AT

THE NEW ALHAMBRA CINEMA

NEW SANDHURST ROAD.

Tel. No. 2417.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY—Commencing 6-45, 8-45 & 10-45

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Commencing Saturday March 10th

At 9-30 p.m.

MAURICE E. BANDMAN

and

WOLSELEY CHARLES

presents

THE

BANDMAN MUSICAL COMEDY

COMPANY

of

25 ARTISTES 25

in

THE GREAT LONDON REVUE

"THE REDHEADS"

"THE REDHEADS"

"THE REDHEADS"

FULL ORCHESTRA

under the direction of

WOLSELEY CHARLES

Booking will open at Messrs. ROSE & Co.

Tuesday Morning March 6th.

(Matinee Sunday March 11th at 6 p.m.)

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

TO-DAY

AT 5-30 AND 9-30.

THIRD

MAMMOTH

PROGRAMME.

ECLIPSING

PREVIOUS EFFORTS.

AT 5-30 AND 9-30

THE ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS

will present

The Greatest and Best Specialities from their extensive repertoire.

Prices Orchestra Stalls Rs. 4, Stalls Rs. 3, Dress Circle Rs. 2-8, Balcony Rs. 1-8, Gallery Rs. 1, and As. 8, Box seats Rs. 10 to Rs. 35.

CHILDREN HALF PRICE TO THE 5-30 PERFORMANCES.

PLANS AT ROSE & CO.

ANGLO-AMERICAN CINEMA,

SANDHURST ROAD

(East of Olympia Cinema)

Where

A Mystery of Mysteries. Unique piece in the pictorial world, full of sensation and thrill. To see it is to admit the highest advancement of science that a human brain can ever achieve. Instruction and amusement going side by side. It keeps your heart beating as episode after episode meets your eyes.

TO-NIGHT.

THE MYSTERY OF AL-SIN

III PART.

EXTRA PRIZE SHOWS ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY AT 3-30 p. m.

MATINEES ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY AT 5-15 p. m.

A SUPER SERIAL.

45,000 ft. Long. 8,000 ft. Weekly.

Al-Sin the self-styled "Higher one" and his gang of resourceful desperados will stand at your service to give you a touch of their mightiness in Science, Art and foresight.

Fail not to pay a visit and you shall not have cause for regret.

To be distributed

RS. 500 CASH PRIZES.

amongst the on-lookers.

THE GREAT EASTERN CINEMA

THE ASIAN CINEMA HALL

(Late Edwards Theatre) Kalbadevi Road.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME EVERY SATURDAY.

2 SHOWS TO-NIGHT

6-45. & 8-15 p m.

THIS WEEK'S DRAMA

"ZVANI"

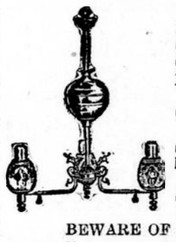
6 parts. 6500 feet.

POPULAR HALF PRICES.

PLAN AT THE HALL.

N. B.—Booklet can be sent post free to any address on receipt of a post card.

MAXIMUMLIGHT ATMINIMUM COST.



No Greasy Wicks to trim. No Smokey Chimneys to wash. Odourless, no Work, no Bother.

ONE SIXTH THE COST OF KEROSINE.

Wherever the sun shines by day the 'Sun' lamp shines by night.

In more than 50 different styles.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

THE "SUN" OUTSHINES THEM ALL.

Catalogue Free.

SOLE AGENTS.

THE LONDON, EASTERN AND AMERICAN TRADING CO.,

HUMMUM STREET BOMBAY.

THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Mar. 3.

Snow has fallen locally in Kashmir. There have been a few falls or rain in the East Punjab, and the United Provinces. Ludhiaana, and Mussoorie had half an inch, Delhi and Agra a quarter. The disturbance from the west moved eastward and is now affecting north-east India.

Forecast:—A few falls of rain in north-east India chiefly Assam.

SIMLA, March 4.

Rainfall is reported from north-east India, chiefly from Assam, Silchar has had three-fourths of an inch of rain and Dibrugarh, Gauhati, Shillong and Cherrapunji a half.

Forecast:—Dry weather except in north-east India.

SIMLA WEATHER.

SIMLA, March 2.

After several days of sunshine the weather has turned cold, showery and unsettled in Simla Hills. We had a smart shower of hail and rain this evening. There are heavy clouds all over giving promise of more rain.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 3rd March 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been fairly general in the east Punjab; Ambala has had 0.10in. and Delhi 0.19in. Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect in the extreme north and normal or in excess elsewhere. Day temperature is in defect at Lahore but in excess at Ambala and Hissar; night temperature has fallen and is now in defect in the north and the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Agra reports 0.22in. rain. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature has fallen and is now normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Day temperature continues in excess in the extreme eastern districts of Rajputana; night temperature has fallen but is still in excess at Karachi.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Day temperature is in excess except at Dwarka and Veraval; night temperaure is also above normal in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has risen and is now normal during the day; it is however still in defect at night in the south-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Hmidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature has fallen but is still generally in excess.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature continues in defect at Hyderabad but has risen and is now nearly normal elsewhere.

General Remarks.—The unsettled conditions in north-west India and the United Provinces have given fairly general rain in the Punjab and some showers in the United Provinces and are passing out of the reporting area while those in the extreme south and the south-west of the Bay of Bengal are less marked.

Dry weather is likely generally.

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KAMINIA
OIL
Delicately perfumed oil for beautifying and increasing the growth of the hair.
To be rubbed well into the roots of the hair daily.
KAMINIA
PERFUMERY Co
BOMBAY

A profusion of rich, soft, silky, lustrous, wavy hair—where's the woman who would not like that

There's only one oil that makes such hair and it's the far-famed.

KAMINIA OIL

(Registered.)

Invaluable for ladies, and just as much for Brain-Workers and Students.

Heated head is cooled, aching disappears and dandruff becomes a thing of the past. Added to all these it possesses a beautiful fragrant smell.

For superiority, awarded a Gold Medal at the Mysore Exhibition, and in great demand all over the country.

If you have not yet used KAMINIA OIL, you have missed a fine delight and a real boon; use it now, if only once; and like many people you will prefer to use it always.

Price per bottle Re 1. V.P. Charges 4 annas extra. Price 3 bottles Rs. 2-16. V.P. charges 7 annas extra.

Write now, do not delay.

Sole Agents:—

ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL Co

Jumma Musjid Market, BOMBAY.

TREACHER & Co.

FORT,

Treacher's Specialities.

Supari Tooth Paste
Anti-Cholera Mixture
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Jamaica Sarsaparilla
Iodized Sarsaparilla
Chemical Food
Eastern Syrup
Cholera Tincture
Microphylla
Hair Oils
Leith's Cholera Mixture

MOTORIST,



You ought to know that there is no more vulcanising solution or other lengthy process required in repairing tubes, if you use the

Vulco Visco

cementless patches. You can repair your own inner tubes by using a little bit of petrol from your petrol tank.

Price for 10 patches Rs. 2.

The rival patches are on the same process but will cost Rs. 4 per tin.

We have also got a supply of Roberails Motor watches, Signal horns, Special American metal polish, etc. etc.

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Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

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AMIR ALI & WOODROFF'S the Code of Civil Procedure. New Edn. Just out	20 0
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THE ONLY COMPLETE DIGEST OF ENGLISH CASE LAW, THE DECENNIAL DIGEST & THE DIGEST OF CASES, OVERRULED, 21 Vols. Offered at	850 0
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SCREEN AT WEST END CINEMA

A FAMOUS COMPANY

Presents its most Powerful masterpiece play

THE GIRL FROM FRISCO
THE GIRL FROM FRISCO
THE GIRL FROM FRISCO

will be shortly staged in a well-known Theatre in Bombay.
The leading and favourite actress

MISS BARBARA BRENT

will rouse the audience to a high pitch of excitement by her

GRACEFUL SPLENDID ACTING.

You will simply be

AMAZED—ASTOUNDED

at seeing her powerful acting in

THE GIRL FROM FRISCO.

Such a splendid brilliant play has never before been staged in Bombay—will never be hereafter.

LOOK OUT FOR THE

STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT

in this column regularly.

K. WADIA, Diamond Merchant,

PURE GEMS, MODERATE RATES, FRENCH MELLEGRAIN SETTING.

PLATINUM AND GOLD ART WORK, GRANT ROAD.

ESTD. 1877.

RAMJI BHAGWAN & BROS.,

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JUST ARRIVED.

King George, King Edward, Imperial, Tudor, Selected, Milk Chocolate, Nut Chocolate, Chocolate de Luxe, Tropical Melcato, Chocolate in tins, in packets, in tablets, in boxes, etc., etc.

Mongini Brothers,

62, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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Oculists, Scientific Refractionists and MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS

MANUFACTURERS AND SUPPLIERS OF THE PATENTED

the invisible bi-focal **"KRYPTOK"** one-piece lens.

and all kinds of lenses from pebbles, and from best quality crown glass, also tinted lenses, smoke, suphos, amber, blue etc

TORIC LENSES MADE TO ANY PRESCRIPTION.

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EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, with 26 years experience in sight-testing retinoscopically. Holds exceptional testimonials from the most eminent and enlightened citizens of Bombay and the Presidency.



SERVICES OF A RESIDENT OPHTHALMIC SURGEON FREE.

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TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT

TO SEE

THE GRIP OF EVIL
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THE GRIP OF EVIL

Two Episodes—every episode being a complete story featuring.

JACKIE SAUNDERS

THE SOCIAL PIRATES
THE SOCIAL PIRATES

An episode complete in itself.

INTERESTING—INSTRUCTING
RESTFUL—ELEVATIVE

OLYMPIA

Sandhurst Road.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, March 2nd.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		8,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		800
" " Sales of East Indian		
" " Imports		18,000
Mid Americans		11.44
Egyptian F. G. F.		22.65
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	May	17.09
	July	17.04
New Orleans 10 a.m.	May	16.66
	July.	16.61

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Mar. 2nd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's opening price.	
March	11.02	
Mar.-Apl.	10.96	
Apl.-May	10.91	
May-June	10.86	
June-July	10.78	
July-Aug	10.71	
Aug.-Sept.	10.46	+4
Sept.-Oct.	10.13	
Oct.-Nov.	9.98	
Nov.-Dec.	9.88	
Dec.-Jan.	9.83	
Jan.-Feb.	9.80	
Feb.-Mar.	9.80	
Mar.-Apl.	9.80	

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, March. 2nd.

Months.	To-day's closing price.	
March	10.09	
March-April	11.03	+11
April-May	10.97	+10
May-June	10.93	
June-July	10.85	
July-Aug	10.78	+11
Aug.-Sept.	10.53	
Sept.-Oct.	10.19	
Oct.-Nov.	10.04	
Nov.-Dec.	9.94	
Dec.-Jan.	9.89	+10
Jan.-Feb.	9.86	
Feb.-Mar.	9.86	
March-April	9.86	

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, March. 2nd.

Months.	To-day's price.	
May	20.10	
July	19.65	+15
Nov.	19.50	+85

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool March. 2nd.

M G Bengal Good	8.67
" " Fully Good	8.87
" " Fine	9.10
" No 1 Oomra Good	9.37
" " " Fully Good	9.55
" " " Fine	9.80
" Broach Good	10.59
" " Fully Good	10.87
" " Fine	10.95
" Scinde Good	8.52
" " Fully Good	8.70
" " Fine	8.95

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, March. 2nd.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	2,000
" Forwarded	68,000
" Imports	49,000
" Stock	821,000
Actual Weekly Sales	39,000

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London Thursday, Mar. 1st

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

	£		£
Total Bullion	54,300,000	Dec.	1,400,000
Public Deposits	47,800,000	Inc.	3,000,000
Other do.	168,000,000		21,200,000
Govt. Securities	82,400,000	Dec	2,500,000
Other do.	117,400,000	Inc.	24,200,000
Notes and Gold	34,200,000	Dec.	1,400,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 16% of the Liabilities.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Mar. 1st.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	8,000
" Exports to Great Britain	Nil.
" to Continent	Nil.
Futures at New York May	16.21+6
" July	16.65
Spot Cotton at New York	17.00 No change.
" at New Orleans	16.50—13
Futures at New Orleans May	16.29—3
" July	16.25
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9½
Demand Bills	4.75.10
Silver Commercial Bars	76½

New York March 2nd

Day's Exports to Great Britain	10,000
" to Continent	1,000
Futures at New York May	17.21+50
Futures at New York July	17.14+49
Spot Cotton at New York	17.45+45
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	16.75+25
Futures at New Orleans May	16.81+52
Futures at New Orleans July	16.73+48
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9½
Demand Bills	4 74 75
Silver Commercial Bars	76½

MONEY MARKET.

London, Mar. 1st.

Bar Silver Spot	37 1/4
Closing Tone of Silver:—Absence of competition—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5½ per cent. since 18th Jan. 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5 8|16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 1/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5½
" " " 6 "	5½
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½
Consols 2½%	52½+⅛
Rupee Paper 3½%	43
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	63½ No change.
Government Securities 3%	54½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	28.70 No change.

London, Mar. 2nd.

Bar Silver Spot	37 1/8
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5½ per cent. since 18th.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5½
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5½
" " " 6 "	5½
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½
Consols 2½%	52½ Ex-Dividend
Rupee Paper 3½%	43½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	63 Ex-Dividend
Government Securities 3%	54 Ex-Dividend
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	28.70 Unchgd.

WAR LOANS.

London, Mar. 1st

3½% 1925—1928	£84¼+⅛
4½% 1925—1945	£91 +⅛

London, Mar. 2nd.

3½% 1925—1928	£5+¼
4½% 1925—1945	91 Unchgd.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Mar 1st.

WHEAT.
SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. Afloat	89/9
AUSTRALIAN.	
South Australian Feb.-March Paid	82
BARLEY.	
Karachi Barley Afloat Sellers	69/9
SEEDS.	
Toria Rapeseed Feb.-Mar. Nominal	95
LINSEED.	
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Feb.-Mar. Value	113
METALS.	
English best Selected Copper	£146
Standard Copper G. M. B. Nominal	£139½
Hard Spelter Nominal	42½
FREIGHT.	
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.	
JAVA SUGAR.	
Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Feb.-Mar.	22/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay Feb.-Mar.	22/9
do do Karachi Feb.-Mar.	22/10
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Feb.-Mar.	24/9
do. do. Bombay Feb.-Mar.	25
do. do. Karachi Feb.-Mar.	25/1
RUBBER.	
Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Mar.-May. Value	3/3½—1
Plantation First Latex Crepe April-June	3/3½+1

London, Mar. 2nd.

WHEAT. SOUTH AMERICAN.	
Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. Afloat	89/9
AUSTRALIAN.	
South Australian Feb.-Mar. Paid	82
BARLEY.	
Karachi Barley Afloat Sellers	69/9
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LINSEED.	
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METALS.	
English best Selected Copper	147
Standard Copper G.M.G. Nominal	£139½
Hard Spelter Nominal	42½
FREIGHT.	
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal	
JAVA SUGAR.	
Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Feb.-Mar.	22/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay Feb.-Mar.	22/9
do. do. Karachi Feb. Mar.	22/10
Fine White Java, C. & F. Calcutta Feb.-Mar.	24/9
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Feb.-Mar.	25
do. do Karachi Feb.-Mar.	25/1
RUBBER.	
Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Mar.-May.	3/3
Plantation First Latex Crepe April-June	3/3½ to 3/3½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS AT MID-DAY.

Bombay, Mar. 3rd.

DESCRIPTION.			DELIVERY. Mar. 1917	DELIVERY. April 1917	SPOT COTTON.
Broach,	Good	M.G.	..	392	.. ..
Broach,	Fine	M.G.	400/1	397	.. ..
Bengal,	F.G.	M.G.	283	..	.. 280/90
Bengal,	Fine	M.G.	291	..	.. 290/00
Bengal,	Superfine	M.G.	..	..	.. 300/10
Rajputana,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	.. 287/97
Sind Panjab,	Fine	M.G.	293	..	.. 290/00
Kham. Akola	Fine	M.G.	365	..	.. 345/60
Ellich/Amraodi,	Fine	M.G.	..	..	.. 345/65
Dhang/Pulgaon,	Fine	M G	..	..	.. 355/70
Yeotmal,	Fine	M G	..	..	.. 360/72
Nagpore.	Fine	M G	..	..	.. 365/75
Hingt/Wardha,	Fine	G M	..	..	.. 379/80
Khandeish,	Fine	M G	352	..	.. 330/40
Khandeish,	F G	M G.	322/3	..	.. 305/20
Khandwa Sanawad,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	.. 305/20
Jalna	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	.. 335/45
Indore,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	.. ..
Ujjain,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	.. ..
Nander,	F.G.	M.G.	..	..	.. 395/05
Mathia,	Fine	M G	..	..	.. 335/45
Mathia,	F G	M G	..	..	.. 325/35
SawGinned Dharwar	Good	Oct	..	..	.. ..
Oomptа,	Good	M G	..	..	.. ..
Westerns	Good	M G	..	..	.. ..
Westerns,	Good	H G	..	..	.. ..

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Mar. 3rd—4 p.m.

	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail. Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Ready'		
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30'	45 8 0	6 11 6
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	45 8 0	6 11 6
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	46 0 0	6 14 6
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	6 4 0	6 10 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	6 4 0	6 10 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore'	6 12 0	7 2 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	8 15 0	9 5 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	8 10 0	9 0 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	46 0 0	9 3 0
" Gajar 75.25'	44 0 0	8 14 0
" Gajar 50.50'	42 0 0	8 10 0
" Black	40 0 0	8 0 0
Popyseed, White	7 4 0	7 12 0
Groundnuts	43 0 0	.. ..
Mowraseed	4 0 0	4 4 0
Jawa	34 0 0	5 4 0
Arandi	37 0 0	— —
Forward	Rs a. p.	
Wheat April-May	6 5 3	
Linseed May	9 15 6	
Linseed Sept.	10 8 0	

NERVOUSNESS AND INSOMNIA



are symptoms of nerve irritation, often the result of OVER-WORK, ANXIETY, OVER-STUDY, MENTAL ANXIETY, and excesses of eating, drinking, or bodily abuses.

HUXLEY'S "Ner-Vigor"

A syrup of acid glycero-phosphates rich in organic phosphates, which after absorption into the blood, build up cell life and help to restore mental equilibrium, muscular vigour, and reinforced nerve power.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.

ANGLO-AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL Co., Ltd., London, London.

ENCOURAGE

INDIAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

AND BUY

FINE WHITE THYMOL B. P.

MADE IN

INDIA FROM

INDIAN CAPITAL, INDIAN LABOUR AND INDIAN RAW MATERIAL.

BY

G. S. RANADE & Co.,

BOMBAY, NO. 4.

The Passport

TO

Pains, Sprains & Strains

IS

AMRUTANJAN

THE PROMPTEST PAIN CURE

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

VINGO



MOSES EADON & SONS, Ltd., PRESIDENT WORKS, SHEFFIELD.

STEEL

Write to us for Prices etc.

HEPTOOLA SALEBHOY & Co

327, ABDUL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.

KEEP EXTENSIVE STOCK OF STEEPLE-CHASER BRAND FILES, SAWS, HIGH SPEED STEEL TWIST DRILLS, AND HIGH GRADE TOOL STEELS, ETC.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Parsi: 26th of Shecherewar, 1256.
Mahomedan: 10th Jamadee-ul-Auwal, 1335.
Hindu: 12th of Fagun Sud, 1979.
Sunrise: 6.56m.; **Sunset:** 6h. 46m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Municipal Standing Committee, Meeting, 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).
Homeward English Mail will be closed at G. P. O. at 3 p.m. Registered letters accepted upto 1 p.m. and parcels upto 12 noon.
Public Meeting re War Loan, Town Hall, 5-45 p.m.

TUESDAY, Mar. 6.

Bombay Presidency Released Prisoners' Aid Society, Meeting of leading citizens, Corporation Hall, 6 p.m.
Medical Conference on Venereal Diseases, Sanitary Institute, Princess Street, 11-30 a.m., to 1-30 p.m. and 4-30 p.m. to 6-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 7.

Lady Willingdon opens the Sale of Work and Fancy Fair in aid of War Funds, Town Hall, 5-45 p.m.
Khandesh Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., Ordinary General Meeting, Royal Insurance Building Churchgate-street, Fort, 3-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: Cinema at 6-30 and 9-45
Empire Theatre: "Two Little Vagabonds," at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Royal Opera House: 5-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: at 6-30 and 10 p.m. every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday, 10 p.m., Show every Sunday at 6-30 at Edwardes.
New Alexandra Cinema, Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road.
West End Cinema, Charni Road: 5-15, 6-45, 8-30 and 10.
New Alhambra Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.
Anglo-American Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.-D.-C., Commanding.
Bombay, March 5.

1. Riding School.—Riding School daily (except Tuesday) for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts at 7-15 a.m.

2. Squadron Parade.—There will be squadron drill for all Troops on Tuesday morning next, the 6th instant. Rendezvous, Church Gate Station, 7-15 a.m. Dress:—Drill Order, Khaki shirts, rifles, swords and bandoliers.

3. Riding School, Salsette Detachment:—There will be Riding School for "C" and "D" Troops at the Camp Riding School on Friday next, the 9th instant, at 7 a.m. Dress:—Drill order, khaki shirts, rifles, swords and bandoliers.

4. Proficiency Class:—Proficiency Class for N. C. Officers and men will be held under Major Wallis (I. A.), at the Volunteer Club on Tuesday and Thursday evening at 6-15 p.m.

(Sd.) F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd-Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.
Bombay, March 5.

Extract from Brigade Orders.

589—Proficiency Examination.—A Board of Examination, composed as under, will assemble at Headquarters, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, at 7-15 a.m., on the 8th March, 1917, for the purpose of holding an examination for proficiency certificates in accordance with paragraph 77, A. R. India, Vol. IX:—
President:—Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Laing, Indian Army.
Members:—The Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles and Capt. J. F. W. Ricketts, 1st Gn. Bn. R. I. Fusiliers.

590.—Candidates will parade at Headquarters at 7-15 a.m. (Dress Drill Order) for the practical, and at the Cathedral High School at 6 p.m. (Dress Mufti) for the written examination to be held on Thursday, March 8th, "G" and "K" Companies will parade at 7-15 a.m. on the Maidan on the same date.

591—Machine Gun:—Members wishing to attend a course of Instruction on Machine Gun, should send in their names to the Sergt.-Major immediately. The Class will probably be held at Headquarters on Wednesday evenings.

592—Promotion:—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotion:—
No. 8486, Vol. R. M. Strowger, "B" Company, to be Sergeant-Master Cook, with effect from January 1st, 1917.

593—Training:—In accordance with Brigade Order No. 16, dated 28th February, 1917, 2nd-Lieut. E. S. Riley, has been selected to attend a Course of Training at the Officers' School, Ambala, commencing on the 4th March, 1917.

594—Extract from Gazette of India, Army Department, dated 16th February, 1917, is republished for information:—
No. 243, Major Harold Ferinand Bush, to be Lieut.-Colonel to fill an existing vacancy, dated the 12th January, 1917.
Captain Allister Forbes to be Major, vice H. F. Bush, promoted. Dated 12th January, 1917.
No. 244:—Second-Lieutenant Harry Thomson Gorrie to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 19th January, 1917.

595—Parades.
"E" Company on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, at Headquarters, at 6-30 p.m.
Motor Cyclist Section:—On Wednesdays and Fridays at 7-15 a.m. at Headquarters.
"F" Company, every Monday at 6-15 p.m. at Headquarters. Dress—Drill order.
"G" Company, on Tuesday and Thursday at 7-15 a.m. at the Gymkhana. Dress—Shirts and Shorts.

596—Musketry:—The Blaney Cup (Cadets) competition will be held to-day and the Cadets marching competition on Tuesday, March 6th, Train 6-15 a.m., Victoria Terminus.
The range is allotted to:—
Wednesday, March 7th, Casuals.
Thursday, March 8th, Casuals.
Friday, March 9th, Casuals.
Saturday, March 10th, Casuals.

597.—The competitions arranged to be held on Thursday, March 8th, are postponed, until a later date.

598—G. M. Stores.—The Quarter-Master's Stores is closed for the issue of clothing and necessaries until further orders.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Colonel G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding, Poona Volunteer Rifles.
POONA, March 5.

237—Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 10th March, 1917:—
At Headquarters—
Buglers, Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, at 5-30 p.m.
First Aid Class and Stretcher bearers drill, Monday and Thursday at 6 p.m.
Annual Prize Distribution, Friday, at 5-45 p.m. Dress, Uniform, Helmets.
The Officers will be "At Home" to all ranks and their families.
At the Engineering College—
"E" Company, Wednesday at 5-30 p.m.
238—Miniature Range.—Miniature Rifle Club, Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday at 7-30 a.m.
239—Range.—The Rifle Range will be reserved for "B" Company on Wednesday, 7th and for "A" Company on Thursday, 8th instant.
"A" Company will parade on Classification Range on Thursday, 8th, at 7-30 a.m. Dress, Uniform.
(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, 2nd-Lieut.,
Adjutant, Poona Vol. Rifles.

NOTICE.

Orders for copies of photograph of Hockey Team should be given to Cr. Sergt. Dobson, "A" Company.
Price: Mounted, Rs. 1/12; Unmounted, Rs. 1/4.

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, this evening, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 o'clock.

THE PERSIAN MUSIC CLASS.

The Persian Music Class gave a successful Variety Entertainment in aid of Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta Memorial Fund, on Saturday last at the Victoria Theatre, Grant Road.

OFFICES FOR ENROLMENT FOR INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

The Bombay National Union and the Indian Home Rule Leagues have opened offices for the enrolment for the Defence of India Force, at 735, Girgaum Road, and 251, Hornby Road. The Girgaum office will remain open from 8 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. The number of volunteers registered up to date is over 800.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE HOUSING ASSOCIATION.

The next monthly meeting of the above Association will be held to-morrow at 6 p.m. at the Improvement Trust Office, when a Paper written by Mr. K. C. Desicharian, Joint Editor of the "Local Self-Government Gazette," will be read.

THE VERNACULAR READERS.

Owing to the high prices of paper and cloth prevailing on account of the war, Messrs. Macmillan and Company, who hold the contract for the publication of the Vernacular Readers, recently requested Government that they might be allowed to sell the *existing* stocks, in hand or to be delivered, of *cloth bound* editions of Readers II to VI at an increased price, and also that the booksellers' discount be reduced from 15 per cent. to 10 per cent. as in the case of the paper editions.

The Bombay Government has approved the proposed reduction in booksellers' commission and has decided that the cloth bound editions, in hand or in course of delivery, of Readers II to VI should be sold at the *same* prices as are now sanctioned for the paper editions.

THE BANDMAN MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY.

Mr Maurice E. Bandman and Mr. Wolseley Charles are confident that they have succeeded in arranging for an exceedingly versatile and talented combination of artistes to interpret the extensive repertoire of Revues and Musical Comedies with which Company is provided.

To those who have enjoyed the performances of the clever company of players "The Scamps" this fact will be abundantly evident when it is announced that this company will be responsible for the major share of the leading parts. In addition a dozen artistes of repute have been engaged raising the personnel of the present company to 25. The dances of the Four Empire Girls will be another attractive feature in every performance. The combined experience of three directing brains will be concentrated upon the Company. Mr. Bandman's experience as an entrepreneur is undoubted, and Mr. Wolseley Charles, in whose hands the musical arrangements will be, has already won his spurs in the East. The most talented producer of the Bandman staff—Mr. Harry Hall—will be responsible for the productions. Mr. Hall was producer of the London Hippodrome Revues before Mr. Bandman was fortunate enough to secure his services. The Company is provided with a large costly outfit of special scenery and dresses and the promoters confidently present the new organisation to the approbation of the theatre-going public of Bombay.

The first production will take place on Saturday next the 10th Inst. at the Excelsior Theatre when the screaming by humorous London Revue "The Redheads" will be presented. Rehearsals for this play have now been in progress some time and those "in the know" say that the play, the scenery and the dresses in fact the whole production far surpasses anything ever seen in Bombay before. The booking for the new company will be at Rose & Co. and the plan for "The Redheads" will be open on Tuesday March 6th; amongst Revues and Musical Comedies to be presented are:—

The Million Dollar Girl; Shell Out; Beauties; Step this Way; Hello India.
A New and Original Oriental Revue.
Toto; The Belle of Bond Street; Kitty Grey; The Miller's Daughters; The Girl behind the counter; The Girl in the Train; The Girl in the Taxi; the Girl; who did'nt; of which we will announce the dates in due course.

SENTENCE ON A THIEF.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Deputy Inspector Dyer charged Bachoo alias Damodar Purshottam, with theft of a gold watch and chain, valued at Rs. 190, from the coat pocket of Kalchand Jivandas, and with theft of similar articles belonging to Damodar Morarji. Both the complainants were living in the same room in Carpenter Street.

Mr. B. G. Dhondi and Mr. Balubhai Desai defended the accused. The accused was convicted and sentenced in each case to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, or, in default, to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT BY PORT-TRUST MUKADAM.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Gole charged Tatya Sunyaji, a mukadum in the Bombay Port Trust's employ, with theft of two pounds of catechu from No. 2 shed of Victoria Docks. The accused was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 15, or, in default, 15 days' rigorous imprisonment.

THE NANDKOOVERBA ZENANA HOSPITAL.

Patients treated in the above hospital during February, were 3,694. The daily average was 153.

"JAIN VIJAYA" SECURITY CASE.

BEFORE A SPECIAL TRIBUNAL.

APPLICATION DISMISSED.

(*Before Batchelor, Macleod and Shah J. J.*)

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN PRESS ACT I OF 1910

MULCHAND KARSANDAS KAPADIA *v.* THE EMPEROR.

This was the hearing of a petition under Section 17 of the Indian Press Act, Act I of 1910, seeking to set aside an order forfeiting the security of Rs. 500 deposited by the petitioner and praying that the fresh security of Rs. 1,500 deposited by him may be returned.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. J. B. Kanga and the Hon. the Advocate-General appeared for the Government.

The petitioner is a Jain merchant and resident of Surat. He is the owner of press called the "Jain Vijaya Printing Press" and he is the keeper of that press having made a declaration under Act XXV of 1867 on the 11th Oct. 1915, Rs. 500 under Sec. 3 of the Press Act. In July 1916 one Ranchhodji Madhavbhai Patel got printed in the petitioner's press a pamphlet entitled "Bharat Durdasha Darshan," *i.e.*, a sketch of the miserable condition of India. In November 1916 the petitioner was served with a notice dated 3rd November, 1916, under Section declaring the security of Rs. 500 as forfeited and declaring all copies of the pamphlet forfeited to His Majesty. The grounds of forfeiture mentioned in the notice were that the pamphlet contained numerous passages and words to the effect that India had been reduced to a condition of extreme poverty and misery under the British rule and that it represented directly or by implication that such a condition had been produced or caused by measures and policy of the Government established by law in British India; and that the said words, passages, statements and representations by their nature, meaning contents and tone were likely or might have tendency directly or indirectly to bring into hatred or contempt the Government and to excite disaffection towards the said Government.

GROUNDS OF APPEAL.

The petitioner now applied to the High Court to set aside this order of forfeiture, alleging, inter-alia, that the pamphlet contained only statements of facts generally published or discussed in newspapers and the author had only taken extracts from publications by notable writers which were never found to be objectionable; that the topics contained in the pamphlet were generally discussed at public meetings and there was nothing in it new or objectionable so as to incite any person to intefere with the administration of the law or the maintenance of law and order; and that there were no words or passages in the pamphlet likely or have a tendency to bring into hatred or contempt the Government or to cause disaffection towards the said Government.

Mr. Jayakar in opening the case for the petition first stated the material facts. The security had been forfeited because it offended under Section 4, Clause C. The charges against the applicant were embodied in the notice. Mr. Jayakar then referred to the material sections of the Press Act under Section 4 Clause (f) the Government might state the actual words or passages complained of but they had not done so in the present case. His case was that the applicant was protected by Explanation 2 to Section 4.

Batchelor J.: The only point we are entitled to consider is whether the words fall under the description given in Section Clause (c).

Mr. Jayakar: That is so. In fact, it has been so held.

Mr. Jayakar proceeding said no particular words had been mentioned and so he would have to read the whole pamphlet. He would be obliged if the other side pointed out the offending passages.

Batchelor J.: It would be better to deal with the pamphlet as a whole.

THE OFFENDING PASSAGES.

Mr. Jayakar: The offending passages were pointed out in the Madras and Calcutta cases That would make the defence easier. There were some passages which were not capable of being attacked by the most zealous person while some required a little explanation.

Batchelor J.: You may offer an explanation of such passages as you think require a explanation.

Mr. Jayakar then referred to Section 124A and Section 153A of the Indian Penal Code.

Macleod J.: Why introduce the Penal Code at all, Mr. Jayakar? We have got the Press Act itself.

Batchelor J.: The words of the Act are quite clear.

Mr. Jayakar submitted that upon a reading of the whole the pamphlet fell more under the explanation than under the earlier part of the section. He did not complain of the translation except in one or two places. He then commenced reading the pamphlet. The opening verse was a quotation from "Amrit," a gujrati poet who flourished some time ago.

Macleod J.: When did he flourish?

Mr. Jayakar: About seven years ago.

Shah J.: Are you in a position to say who this poet was?

Mr. Jayakar: The poems were first published in a Gujarati magazine. The poet's full name is Anant Keshav Naik. Most of the pamphlet was a collection from the writings of Indian politicians. The pamphlet was divided into several heads. The first was "Trade and Industry." The writer merely pointed out the economic dependence of India even for very trifling articles. There was no attempt to excite hatred, it was a bare statement of India's economic dependence owing to free trade. Even articles imported from China, Japan and other oriental countries were mentioned; the statement was not solely directed against imports from England. Then the writer went into the figures of foreign imports and contrasted them with imports in previous years. Even Chinese porcelain had been attacked and there was not even an attempt to disuade people from buying English articles. Although India was civilized it had, like an uncivilized country, to look for even a pen to foreign countries. That was the gist of the writer's comment.

FAMINES AND THEIR CAUSES.

Then there followed a quotation from Mr. Dutt's books. The next quotation summed up the writer's view which was that varied raw products were available in India and that India should be industrially developed. He submitted that the passage was perfectly fair criticism.

Macleod J.: Famines are referred to as calamities of nature and also of the administration.

Mr. Jayakar: He first deals with famines as calamities of nature and then goes on to deal with calamities of administration in the form or excessive taxation.

Macleod J.: Where do these statistics come from?

Mr. Jayakar: We do not know. We are only printers. The author is still at large.

Mr. Kanga: He is in South Africa.

Mr. Jayakar submitted again that they had nothing to do with the economic soundness of the theory set forth.

Batchelor J.: Quite so. I wish you read the pamphlet with the minimum of comment. That would give us an idea of the effect of the pamphlet as a whole and that is what we are endeavouring to ascertain.

Mr. Jayakar then continued to read the pamphlet.

Batchelor J.: The gravamen of the charge against you is that the picture is quite one-sided. There is simply the deliberate piling up of grievance after grievance without stating what had already been done. That, to my mind, is what you have got to meet.

Mr. Jayakar: The question is whether as a whole the pamphlet goes beyond the limit laid down by law.

THE MORAL OF THE WRITER.

Mr. Jayakar after finishing reading the pamphlet, summarised its contents. The moral of the writer was at page 20. At page 28 there was an exhortation to the British Government which might look strong. According to the writer "Swaraj" or "Self-Government" was the panacea. Far from attempting to create hatred against the British Government the writer relied on the proclamation of Queen Victoria.

Macleod J.: He says before Government came people were richer and that now they are poor.

Mr. Jayakar: That the writer said was the result of the Government's economic policy. No motives were attributed to Government. However strong a criticism might be, if it only sought amelioration and alteration by legitimate means it was protected by the Explanation: Where was the suggestion in the pamphlet that there should be any resort to illegitimate method? The real principle had been laid down in the Tilak judgment delivered last November.

Macleod J.: That was quite a different article.

Batchelor J.: The principle is quite well settled. It would be of no use to refer to a totally different article. You are quite entitled to say as you do say that there is no incitement to rebellion or upsetting the Government.

Mr. Jayakar: I go further. I say there is no ascription of motives to Government.

Batchelor J.: You have made that inaccurate statement four times but I did not like to interrupt you. Look at page 23 where the greed of money is referred to.

Mr. Jayakar: That is the greed on the part of vested interest.

Shah J.: Who is alleged to have closed the doors of higher offices to Indians?

Mr. Jayakar: The policy of the Government.

He submitted the pamphlet should be looked at as a whole. In a pamphlet of that magnitude one or two slips might occur. Then there was the appeal to the British Government at the end. Criticism, however strong, could not be seditious. A distinction ought to be drawn between Government as an entity and the policy of the Government. In the Tilak speech much stronger comments were made against Civilian Government.

Batchelor J.: The bench has repeatedly told you not to refer to that case except on a point of law. You must now accept that as the ruling of the Court.

"YOKE" OF TAXATION.

Macleod J.: What is the yoke referred to in the pamphlet?

Mr. Jayakar: It is the yoke of the incidence of taxation and the policy of the Government. Was it not open to him to point out that as a result of economic policy the country was getting poorer? It had been the theme of many political books in the present generation. Was this an attack on Government *quac* Government so on its policy?

Shah J.: You must take the tone of the whole pamphlet. It does not help you to say that there are some unobjectionable passages. Look at the opening passage and the closing exhoratation—pages 27 and 28.

Macleod J.: What is Swaraj.

Mr. Jayakar: It means Colonial Self-Government. That is the understood acceptation of the word.

Macleod J.: Will the Gujrati cultivator understand it in that sense?

Mr. Jayakar: 'Swa' means 'Self' and 'Raja' means 'Rule.' That is 'Self-Rule.'

Batchelor J.: Nobody knows what the word means. It may mean a dozen things in the mouths of a dozen men. That is what I said in the Tilak case. This writer did not trouble about its definition like Mr. Tilak.

Macleod J.: What is meant by the removal of the yoke?

Mr. Jayakar: He means making the yoke less and less harsh.

Macleod J.: Making the yoke lighter does not mean, removing the yoke.

Mr. Jayakar: It means make it less and less pressing. All depends on how your Lordship understands the word 'yoke'. This was an appeal not to Indians but to Englishmen. In the Madras case it was held that even strong comments on policy did not offend against the section, if it was not inimical.

Macleod J.: The Act speaks for itself. That case will not help us.

Mr. Jayakar having finished his argument Mr. Kanga was not called upon to reply.

APPLICATION DISMISSED.

Their Lordships then delivered judgment, dismissing the application.

The judgment will be published in a future issue of the paper.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 5TH OF MARCH, 1917.

BEFORE THE HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE AND THE HON. MR. JUSTICE HEATON

In the Division Court No. 52.

APPEALS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

56-16-337-16.—Jamsetji R & D, B J Horniman v. Soorajmal B Mehta, Craigie B & C, Part Heard.

57-16-349-16—Ard H D and Co, Abraham E J Abraham v Rai Bahadur Kalianmal Tillockchand, Mer K and Co.

13-16-779-16—Bhimji and Co, Nanji Govindji v. Sakarchand Khushalchand & ors, M B Chothia.

S C 59-16-382-16—Daph F and D, Sulleman Haji Essak & anr v. Khima Suttra and anr, Payne and Co.

62-16-554-15—Ard H D and Co, Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal v The Poona Cotton and Silk Mafg Co Ltd in Liquidation & anr, Ard H D and Co., Bhai K and G.

58-16-1077-15.—S A Tyabji (for a pauper), Idanbai v Ahsonally Mazherally Ard H D & Co.

52-16-1337-15.—Little & Co., Hakmaji Motaji & Co. a firm v. Lakhaji Dalaji & Co. firm, Payne & Co.

61-16-112-16.—Mirza M & M, Mahomedally Ahmedally v. Hoosemboo, Matubhai J & M.

67-16-713-16—Jamsetji R and D, Tulsidas Tejpal v. A L Perriera, Motichan & Co.

68-16-542-16—Ard H D and Co, Abraham E J Abraham v. Sarupchand Hookamchand Malvi H M and R.

69-16-364-16.—Edg G W & Co. Narotam Morarji Goculdas & ors v. The Indian Specie Bank, Ltd. (in (Liquidation) Little and Co.

70-16-1081-15.—Payne & Co., The Phoenix Mills Ltd, v. Madhowdas Ruphchand and Co a firm, Mulji & Th.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN

In the Division Court No. 53.

FOR JUDGMENT.

1313-16—Payne and Co, Allibhai Mehta v Tullockchand Mamraj a firm, Mulla and M.

FOR FURTHER DIRECTIONS AND FINAL DECREE.

914-14—Rustomji and G. Essabhoy Abdul Kadar Vasi v Pandurang Shridhar and ors.

1307-15—Wadia G and Co, Taher and Co a firm v Vishwanath Kushaba Tete, D J Mantri.

LONG CAUSES.

170-16—Shamrao M and H, Gulam Ahmed Afzalkhan v Messrs Arturo Bouceschi a firm, Captain and V, Part heard, 26-2-17.

1203-16—Daph F and D, Rahimbhoy Kassamjhoy v Ebrahimbhoy Kassam, Hiralal and Co.

418-16—Captain and Vaidya, Mariambibi v Ahamed Saheb Miya Mulla, Judah and S.

1147-16—Purnanand and Co, Narotam Jetharam Desai v Sunderji Walji and ors, Hiralal and Co.

1158-16—Pandia and Co, Vishnu Bala Shinde v Messrs Tricumji Jivendas a firm, Kanga and S.

1175-16—Merwanji K and Co, Sunderdas Balchand and ors v Gopiram Hajarimal a firm.

1127-16—Manchershaw and N. Shamrao Sunderji Chogle v Anant Kashinath Wagle and anr, Judah and S.

656-16—Malvi H M and R, Shagamlal Sukhanand and ors v Chhitarmal Umedsingh and ors.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL (IN CHAMBERS.)

In Re Indian Co's Act VI of 1882, and in Re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd (in liquidation), In person, John Sandars Slater Official Liquidator v Chandy Charan Paul Con No 883, Parties concerned, 22-2-17.

In Re Indian Co's Act VI of 1882, and in Re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd (in liquidation), In person, John Sandars Slater Official Liquidator v Prantal Kahandas Con No 42, 36/37, Parties concerned, 22-2-17.

136-16—Wadia G and Co, Roognathdass Gopaldas and ors v Shivram Shayyanna, M B Chothia.

1316-15—Daphtary F and D, Ramrao Harischandra Mantri v Bhagwandas Vithaldas Patil and ors, Chitnis M and K, Patell and Eze, Captain and Vaidya, Raghavaya N and Co, Jehangis S M and H Part heard.

C C 1271-16—Patell and Eze, Maneckshaw Dadabhoy Sethna v M D Puri, G B Pandya.

646-16—Maneck D and Co, Dattatrya Trimbek Jad v The Western India Turf Club, Cragie B and C.

734-12—In person, The South India Mills Co Ltd v Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal, Merwanji K and Co.

633-16—Smethan B and Co, Manilal Laxman Ponda v The Secretary of State for India in Council, E F Nicholson.

765-16—Vachha and Co, Kaderbhai Fazalbhai a firm v Khoja Jusabbhai Vellebhai, Kanga and S.

1186-15—Matubhai J and M, The National Financing and Comm Corpn Ltd v Haji Ahmed bin Haji Mansar Alkari, Motichand and D, Matubhai J and M.

1304-16—Captain and V, Dadabhoy Harichand a firm v Maganlal Harjiwandas, Hiralal and Co.

46-17—Rustomji and G, Yusuf Sulleman v Ibrahim Sulleman and ors, Nanu H and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUMMARY SUIT FOR DISPOSAL IN CHAMBERS.

1380-16—Un P and P, Framroze Hormusji Major v Cawasji Hormusji Davar.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL. LONG CAUSES

447-16—Payne and Co, Haji Mahomed Mehdi Malekatejar v C Vorhaid and Co a firm, Mulla and Mulla, Part heard.

519-16.—Malvi H M and R, Messrs. Harnandrai Fulchand a firm v. Jethmal & anr, Part heard, 23-2-17.

657-16—N C Dalal (for a pauper), Purshotamdas Madhowji v Javerchand Naranji and ors, Shroff D and D.

1037-16—S A Tyabji (for a pauper), Korba Errayya Sayanna v Korba Sayanna Errayya and ors, Purnanand and Co.

1096-14—Khund L and M, Kanjvehori Govindrao Joshi v Govindrao Harischandra Joshi and ors, Manecklal and Co, Forbes and Co, Un P and P.

S C Ct 483/18307-16—Dikshit Dh and P, Bhagwanji Tulsidas v Furdoonji Jamaspji, Pandia and Co.

204-15—Surajmal and Co, Ratansey Maneckchand v Jethabhai Narsey and ors, Wadia G and Co, Mehta D and L.

1347-16—Surajmal and Co, Ratansey Maneckchand v Velji Natha and ors, Purnanand and Co, Wadia G and Co, Mehta D and L.

614-16—Rustomji and G, Haji Abdul Karim Haji Tar Mahomed and ors v Haji Sao Sulleman and ors, Captain and V, Nanu H and Co, for postponement.

561-16—Payne and Co, Purshotam Mathuradas and Co a firm v Deokaran Nanji and ors, Captain and V, Pandia and Co, For postponement.

1206-16—Edg G W and Co, Edulji Hormusji Sopariwalla v Esoofalli Keekabhoy, Ard H D and Co.

GERMAN BAIT TO JAPAN.

EMPHATIC REPUDIATION BY JAPANESE FOREIGN MINISTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, March 3.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., March 5

A telegram from Tokio says that M. Motono, Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs, told a representative there of the Associated Press of America that he had received no proposal to join in a possible war against the United States. The idea was ridiculous and based on the outrageous presumption that Japan would abandon the Allies.

1,85,000 SLAVES IN GERMAN EAST AFRICA.

ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY'S APPEAL FOR EMANCIPATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., March 5.

The Anti-Slavery and Aborigines Protection Society has appealed to the Colonial Office to proclaim the freedom of 185,000 slaves in German East Africa.

THE MOTORISTS' GUIDE (INDIA).

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THE AIRSHIP ACT.
THE TAXI CAB RGEULATIONS AND FARES.
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DEBATE ON U. S. ARMED NEUTRALITY BILL.

OBSTRUCTIVE TACTICS OF PRO-HUN SENATOR.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
WASHINGTON, March 4.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., March 5.

In the Senate Mr. Sherman read a despatch from Berlin containing Zimmermann's admission regarding the Mexican plot and afterwards Mr. Brandegee continued his speech on the Armed Neutrality Bill. He asked whether Americans were going to allow the Teutonic monster to trample them ruthlessly and said that war would be inevitable when armed American merchantmen entered the submarine zone, but war had existed since February 1st when Germany's submarine proclamation defied the world.

Mr. Stone, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, whose constituency Missouri is largely German, moved an amendment of the Bill with a view to preventing the arming of munition ships or authorising the President to employ "other instrumentalities." Mr. Stone said he had heard that the Navy experts planned to provide merchantmen with boats for chasing submarines and he was thereupon denounced for revealing naval secrets. Mr. Stone spoke for several hours obviously with the purpose of causing obstruction.

GERMAN PRESS COMMENTS ON THEIR RETREAT.

"EVERYTHING GOING EXACTLY AS HINDENBURG WISHES."

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., March 5.

Commenting on the German retreat in the West, the "Frankfurter Zeitung" concludes an article, in which it gives assurances regarding the situation, by saying:—The chief thing is that Hindenburg has a hand in the game and hitherto everything is going exactly as he wishes.

The "Vossische Zeitung" explains the retreat by declaring that Hindenburg's policy has been to secure the maximum concentration in order to force a final decision in Spring. Trench warfare, the paper says, will soon end and then the Germans will prove immeasurably superior to the British.

The "Koelnische Zeitung" describes the retreat as a model operation.

It is noteworthy that coincident with the press explanations comes an order from the Military Governor of Cologne threatening severe imprisonment for those who spread "absurdly exaggerated rumours."

ATTEMPTS AT EXPLAINING AWAY RETREAT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, March 3.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., March 5.

Now that it is impossible any longer to conceal the retreat on the Ancre the German press with one inspired accord has begun to publish explanations intended to reassure the population which has been disquieted for weeks past by rumours of evacuation.

Papers now declare that they knew all about it on February 20th and hence are delighted to observe the "enemy's" astonishment."

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PUBLIC MEETING

OF THE

Citizens of Bombay

at

The Town Hall To-day, 5th March, 1917, at 5-45 p.m.

Programme.

Proposed by—Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy.
Seconded by—The Hon. Mr. M. N. Hogg.

I. "That His Excellency the Governor do take the Chair."

His Excellency will address the meeting.

Proposed by Sir Narayen Chandavarkar.
Seconded by Sir Dorab Tata.
Supported by the Hon. Mr. Carmichael.
Supported by Sir Shapurji Broacha.
Supported by Mr. Joseph Baptista.

II. "That this Public Meeting of the Citizens of Bombay welcomes the announcement by the Hon. Sir William Meyer in the Imperial Council of the issue of the Indian War Loan, as another opportunity for demonstrating India's desire and ability to take its full share in the mighty struggle in which this Empire is involved. It desires that every effort be made to enlist the whole hearted support of this Presidency for the Loan, and to explain its financial advantages to all classes of its population.

"It feels confident that India will respond to the call in a manner worthy of the bravery of her sons who have so freely shed their blood on the field of battle."

Proposed by Sir Stanley Reed.
Seconded by Mr. Chimanlal Setalvad.

III. "That the following gentlemen be appointed to form a general committee to carry out the objects detailed in the preceding resolution":

(Names to be mentioned at the meeting.)

"And that the following gentlemen be appointed members of the Executive Committee:

(Names to be mentioned at the meeting.)

Proposed by the Hon. Mr. Chunilal Mehta.

Seconded by Sir Sassoon David.

IV. "That a hearty vote of thanks be accorded to His Excellency the Governor for having kindly presided at this meeting."

Proposed by Sir Cowasji Jehangir.
Seconded by Mr. Mahomedbhai Currimbhoy.

V. "That a vote of thanks be accorded to Mr. T. W. Birkett, the Sheriff of Bombay, for having convened this meeting."

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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

	Page.
LEADING ARTICLES.	
India's Effort	6
Press Comments on the Budget ...	5
NOTES OF THE DAY	6
FOREIGN CABLES.	
The War ... 7 &	8
BOMBAY AND PROVINCIAL.	
Recruiting for Indian Defence Force	8
The German Admissions.	
BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS	5
GENERAL NEWS.	
Ceylon and India	6
SPORTING NEWS.	
Bombay Races	9
Calcutta Races	9
COMMERCIAL	4
THE WEATHER	3

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Monday March 5, 1917.

"INDIA'S EFFORT."

"You may from time to time have read in the English Press, and you may possibly have heard that there is a certain amount of criticism among some people in England that India has not done all she could to help the Empire in this great war which has been going on for the past two years. I can only speak for the Bombay Presidency, but from what I have read and seen of the work of other provinces, I wish to state as my confirmed opinion that India has done her part right well. She has done it in the past, she is doing it at the present, and I go further and say that in the future, if necessity arose and if a further call came, India would really show her keen sense of responsibility as a partner in the destiny of the British Empire."

—LORD WILLINGDON.
Dec. 1, 1916

For many years now the profound and essential ignorance of India generally that prevails in Great Britain has been deplored. There was a welcome, but short-lived, awakening of interest and comprehension throughout England in the early days of the war when India's quick response to the call of the Empire, and the brilliant exploits of her soldiery in France and elsewhere, touched the imagination of the British people, and evoked the warm and genuine appreciation of all classes. Latterly, however, through a variety of circumstances, both the interest in and appreciation of India's attitude to the war, have flagged. Moreover, there appears to have been a systematic propaganda carried out in a section of the press, and otherwise, directed to belittling the magnificent services that India has rendered, and misrepresenting her whole attitude and sentiment in regard to the great ordeal which the whole Empire, together with the greater part of the civilized world, was passing through. It was sought to create the impression,—and not altogether, we fear, without success,—that India was indifferent and selfish, and her contribution to Imperial defence was negligible, comparatively if not absolutely Such suggestions, of course, were no less baseless than malignant. So far from being apathetic, India gave of her men and her resources in unstinted measure. There was no sacrifice that her princes and people were not willing to render: there were some sacrifices, indeed, as we know, that they were not given the opporunity of offering. If India's man-power for instance was not more fully and more readily utilized the blame did not lie with them. The detractors, meanwhile, were busy with their insinuations: England was being ardently assured that India had done nothing: that the heart of India was not in the war.

An able and timely article that should go far towards correcting such impressions, where they may exist, appears in the current number of the "Nineteenth Century" from the pen of Mr. A. Yusuf Ali entitled "Indi's Effort: Is it sufficiently Understood?" Mr. Yusuf Ali has set himself to showing that "her effort in the war has been commensurate with her resources, and that her claim to Imperial partnership is neither an idle dream nor a source of potential weakness to the Empire." By way of prelude he cites the observations of Lord Willingdon which we have quoted at the beginning of this article, as "the testimony of a witness of great weight and authority."

Mr. Yusuf Ali goes into the whole question of India's contribution to the war with care and precision. He supports his analysis by giving facts and figures which prove the enormity of the misrepresentation by which it was attempted to discredit and victimise India.

The contribution of the Ruling Princes of India, in its variety and quantity, is, as we know, in a class by itself. Their enthusiastic response was as spontaneous as it was generous. "Many of the Princes have been serving personally on the British Staff at the Front," says the writer, "and many more have offered their services.

Nearly all of them put the whole of the resources of their States at the disposal of the King-Emperor. Their Imperial Service troops are taking their share in the British line of battle. Several of the States are making direct money contributions towards the expenses of the War, either in lump sums or in annual subscriptions for the period of the War. Some have followed the noble example of the King-Emperor in making handsome gifts of cash out of their privy purses towards the expenses of the war. Guns, motor ambulances and lorries, well-equipped hospitals, hospital ships, aeroplanes, stores and munitions of war, and numerous gifts of convenience and comfort have been supplied in abundance. Subscriptions have been given freely not only to the Indian War Funds, but to the Central Funds in London directly and indirectly connected with the war, and to the War Loans."

Referring to British India, Mr. Yusuf Ali recalls Lord Hardinge's acknowledgment of the value of India's military aid India, the late Viceroy had declared, was practically denuded of British troops, barely 10,000 to 15,000 remaining behind. Again, England's resources in artillery, in the early period of the war, were wholly inadequate, and India then "gave the whole of its artillery, of the most modern and up-to-date pattern, to the British Army, only reserving a few batteries below strength as a precaution, against external danger on the North-West Frontier." Over 300,000 soldiers were sent by India to uphold the Flag in various parts of the world, and this number must now, as the writer suggests, be nearer 400,000 or even possibly half a million.

The most valuable part of Mr. Yusuf Ali's paper is his analysis of India's contribution to the military financing of the war, but this we must reserve for later discussion.

To sum up, (says the writer), the fine fighting resources of India have done and are doing untold service throughout our far-flung battle line. Her financial resources, public and private, such as they are, are being thrown into the pool. She is clearing the decks for an unlimited Imperial War Loan. Besides her direct contributions, India has given or released millions in short-term loans, and has helped most substantially by refraining from borrowing in any available markets at the sacrifice of her own needs and interests. Her Princes and people have shown a loyal determination to subordinate minor issues to the war. Any isolated conspiracies of sedition or disloyalty have been handed up by the people themselves. Constituted political bodies like the Indian National Congress and the Moslem League have shown, no less than official bodies like the Councils, that discretion, moderation, statesmanship, and an earnest desire to uphold the Empire are not foreign to the Indian temperament. If India's man-power has not been utilised to the full, if her men—especially of the class from which officers are drawn in all countries—have had their offers of service rejected over and over again, it is not the fault of the people of India. India's effort in the war, within her opportunities, has been at least as great as that of any other portion of the King's oversea Dominions.

CEYLON AND INDIA.

It is not surprising that the stirrings of political life in this country have not been without appreciable effect on the neighbouring island of Ceylon. In a recent issue, the "People's Magazine" invited the prominent leaders in Ceylon to give their views on the immediate future of their island. Sir Ponnambalam Arunachalam, whose work as the President of the Ceylon Social Service League has often been referred to in these columns, and who is one of Ceylon's most distinguished citizens according to the report,

will not be satisfied with anything less than Home Rule. After the War an Imperial Council with representation for the Self-Governing Colonies is likely to be constituted, which would deal with the questions affecting Imperial interests. In that event, we should be allowed to look after our own internal affairs. If this is not within our reach immediately, we should have the Legislative Council reformed in such a way as to have an unofficial majority composed not of both the *elected* and *nominated* members but of *elected members* only, and the Executive Council should have two unofficials elected from among the elected members of the Legislative Council.

Sir Ponnambalam naturally deplored the apathy shown by his countrymen in public matters and believed that they could obtain all they might reasonably want by carrying on a sustained agitation. This expression of view, apparently, did not find favour with the "Morning Leader" of Colombo which was at much pains to demonstrate that "responsible minds" in the island regretted "the growing tendency among the younger men in our midst to turn to India for political ideas." This evoked a crushing retort from the "Ceylonese," which is worthy of attention no less for its indirect application to conditions in India than for the evidence it contains of the actual and potential influence of Indian political thought on the growing public consciousness of Ceylon:

If "responsible minds" desire to win back the affection of young Ceylon, the proper course for them is to start by convincing the latter of their honesty and patriotism. The majority of Indian leaders are neither hypocrites nor time-servers. Some of them have made countless sacrifices in the service of the common cause and have suffered much in the performance of what they thought their duty. It is these sacrifices and sufferings of theirs that have made them great and exalted them in the eyes of their people. But what certain pseudo patriots and reformers of Ceylon propose to do is to sit comfortably in their homes and draft memorials to his Excellency the Governor and the Secretary of State for the Colonies in the name of the good people of Ceylon. All this may be good as a pleasant joke and a recreation; we need hardly say that it will only estrange the younger men from the "responsible minds" all the more. It is, therefore not this tendency on the part of Young Ceylon to look more and more to India for inspiration that stands in need of correction. On the other hand it is a tendency that will prove fruitful of much good for the people of Ceylon and as such deserves encouragement.

DISARMAMENT OF GREEK CIVILIANS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, March 3.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., March 5.

The Minister of Interior has urged the police and gendarmerie authorities to apply the disarmament decree more strictly as Military Control is dissatisfied with the results.

THE MILITARY SITUATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, March 4.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—

The German Imperial Chancellor, concluding his speech in the Reichstag yesterday, said:—"Since my last speech the military situation has hardly been made stronger. Our brave soldiers look with full confidence upon their leaders."

A correspondent states that the hostile artillery fire has been erratic, but not heavy in the aggregate since the withdrawal began. Big guns on railway mountings beyond Bapaume remain in position and together with some higher velocity guns have been dropping bouquets on the evacuated ground, but the mass of the German field-guns is now probably a long way back.

Lieut.-General Sir E. A. Altham becomes Temporary Quarter Master-General in India, vice Major-General W. E. James.

Sir Robert Highet, Agent, East Indian Railway, has been elected President, Indian Railway Conference Association for 1917-18.

Notes of the Day.

The German Retreat.

The wireless German communiqué which tries to make out that "we voluntarily evacuated our foremost position on both the banks of the river Ancre, and took up another defensive line," presumes too much upon the credulity of mankind. "The enemy," we are further assured, "remained in ignorance of our movements and our rearguards compelled the enemy to fight for the possession of the destroyed (*sic*) country." In their anxiety to delude the world, the Huns have contradicted themselves disastrously. The British could not have been ignorant of their "voluntary evacuation," while at the same time they were engaged in rearguard action with the enemy. To induce belief, however, in their general veracity, the Germans admit that the British captured "two narrow positions."

"Fairly Precipitate."

How "voluntary" was the German retreat is shown by the statement of "La Liberti's" correspondent, cabled to the "Pioneer," who says that an examination of the German positions makes out the retreat to have been fairly precipitate. The Germans put out of action several heavy guns which they had no time to remove. The French correspondent adds that when the British authorities display less reserve, and when the circumstances preceding the German retreat are made known, "the extent of the British effort will astound every one." It is to be hoped that continued British reticence on the details of this most important movement will be deemed unnecessary, and full facts will be made known to the public regarding the splendid British advance, as soon as possible.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies in company with H. E. the Governor-General of Portuguese India and Madame Couceiro da Costa and Staff were present at the Faces on Saturday afternoon. Her Excellency afterwards attended a Display and Entertainment by the Girl Guides in the Improvement Trust Gardens.

H. E. the Governor and Lady Willingdon accompanied by H. E. the Governor-General and Madame Couceiro da Costa visited the Catholic Gymkhana on Saturday evening.

H. E. the Governor-General of Portuguese India and Madame Couceiro da Costa and Staff have arrived at Government House.

Their Excellencies gave a Dinner Party in the State Bungalow on Saturday night to meet H. E. the Governor-General of Portuguese India and Madame Couceiro da Costa at which the following were present:—The Hon. Sir Basil Scott, the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. Patmer, the Hon. Mr. G. and Mrs. Carmichael, the Hon. Mr. G. S. and Mrs. Curtis, the Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, the Hon. Mr. P. R. Cadell, Major Sanches de Miranda, Mr. L. and Mrs. Robertson, Monsieur Robert and Madame Chaidron, Mr. F. A. M. H. and Mrs. Vincent, the Chief of Manavadar, Sir Cowasji and Lady Jehangir and Miss Jehangir, Mr. Henrique Cardozo, the Rev. L. C. Pera, Mrs. Greenway, Lieut. Vasconcelos e'Sa Ferreira, and Miss Ferguton.

The House Party consisted of H. E. the Governor-General of Portuguese India and Madame Couceiro da Costa, Mr. E. Maconochie, First Marine Lieut. Augusto de Paiva Bobela da Mota and Madame Bobela da Mota, Captain Jose Diniz Carneiro de Souza e Faro, Miss Phyllis Egerton, their Excellencies and Staff.

H. H. the Rao of Cutch and Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy visited their Excellencies at Government House on Saturday morning.

A reception was held on Sunday morning by the Gremio Portuguese in the hall of the Antonio de Sousa School, Byculla, to meet his Excellency the Governor-General of Portuguese India and Madame Couceiro da Costa. There was a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen of the Goan community. His Excellency was accompanied by the Portuguese Consul-General and by his staff. After Dr. Pinto, had welcomed his Excellency in a lengthy speech in Portuguese, the Governor-General also replied in Portuguese thanking the community for the kind reception they had given to him and to Madame da Costa. A group photograph was then taken, and a visit was also paid to the Cathedral.

Their Excellencies attended Parade Service at the Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba, yesterday morning, and afterwards went to the Alexandra Docks and saw the wounded from Mesopotamia being disembarked from one of the hospital ships

H. E. the Governor and Lady Willingdon accompanied by H. E. the Governor-General of Portuguese India and Madame Couceiro da Costa visited the old Portuguese Settlement at Bassein yesterday afternoon.

The Right Revd. the Lord Bishop of Lahore, Sir Dinshaw and Lady Petit, Sir Stanley and Lady Reed, the Very Revd. S. J. Pereira and Father Goodier dined at Government House yesterday evening.

Lt.-Colonel L. Impey, C.I.E., has arrived at Government House.

The Maharaja of Benares on behalf of himself and the Bhumihar Brahman community of India has generously offered to present an aeroplane for war service, which has been gratefully accepted.

ENEMY RETREATING ON THE ANCRE.

PURSUIT OF TURKS CONTINUED.

THE BRITISH PUSH.

FURTHER PROGRESS NORTHWARD.

ENEMY TRENCHES RAIDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., March 3.

Field Marshal Haig last night reported further progress northward of Warlencourt and Eaucourt and north-westward of Puisieux-au-Mont.

We repulsed counter-attacks on our advanced positions north-eastward of Gouedecourt and north-westward of Ligny-Thilloy, inflicting loss.

As the result of to-day's fighting on the Ancre we have taken 128 prisoners.

We raided enemy trenches in the neighbourhoods of Ancres, Calonne and Loos.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BRITISH LINE FURTHER ADVANCED.

PROGRESS EAST OF GOMMECOURT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 4.
Recd. 7-10 p.m., March 4.

Field Marshal Haig last night reported:—After stubborn resistance we made further progress northward of Puisieux-au-mont and eastward of Gommecourt. Our line was advanced a quarter of a mile on a frontage of five miles.

An enemy bombing attack forced us to evacuate a trench eastward of Sailly Saillisel, but we regained the ground by an immediate counterattack.

ENEMY POSITION ON ANCRE.

RENDERED MOST UNCOMFORTABLE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Mar. 3.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., Mar. 4.

Correspondents at Headquarters writing on Friday night emphasise that the enemy carefully concealed from his troops the fact that they were retreating and the prisoners taken at Gommecourt refused to believe that their comrades had gone and that the fortress was surrounded. Dense white fog to-day, the correspondents add, succeeding to a night of frost has hampered the observation and delayed the drying of the ground.

The progress of the British advance and German retreat is necessarily slow but the British have reached the enemy position at Achietlepetit, the first of the two remaining trench systems before Bapaume. Close fighting is proceeding in the Loupart Wood, north of Warlencourt in consequence of the enemy's trying to recover the position he lost too soon. The attempt has failed.

BAVARIAN COUNTER-ATTACK REPULSED.

The Bavarians also counter-attacked on Thursday night near Letransloy, but they were driven back before reaching the British division, leaving fifty dead. The enemy is now approximating to the general line, which he will probably defend with a show of force. His present positions are most uncomfortable. Many are filled with water but they are defended by forests of wire.

The advance has wonderfully stimulated the British who are eager to show their skill in the open. Men actually request to be kept in the line when they fear they may be withdrawn for the rest in billets.

Mr. Beach-Thomas denies that the retreat is due to British gas shells. He says that these shells are undoubtedly superior to those of the enemy but the retreat is the result of the general superiority of the British artillery and our strategic plan and to the German soldiers' fear of another Somme offensive. He mentions among the German traps, abandoned watches and saucepans lined with fulminate of mercury.

ENCOUNTERS IN THE ANCRE REGION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 1-20 a.m., March 4.

A wireless German communiqué says there have been many encounters in the Ancre region and lively fighting westward and southward of the Riga and between uppear Sereth and Dniester.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUE OF POSTERS AND PRICE-LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 1-50 p. m., March 3.

A Board of Trade Order prohibits the manufacture of posters exceeding 600 square inches superficial area and abolishes newspapers contents-bills and posters advertising goods except at retailers' premises.

It also abolishes the issue of tradesmen's price lists and advertising matter to private customers except at the latter's written request. The last named does not applly abroad.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

CHIEF OF THE AUSTRIAN GENERAL STAFF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, March 3
Recd. 1-20 a.m., March 4.

Baron Arz von Strauszanberg supersedes Baron von Hoetzendorf as Chief of the Austrian General Staff.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

THE GREAT RETREAT

CONTRADICTORY VIEWS.

GERMAN INGENUITY SUCCESSFULLY COUNTERED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 9 p.m. March 3.

The views regarding the great retreat, of which it is noteworthy that the German people are still unaware, are most contradictory.

The latest suggestion based on Berlin reports and transmitted by the Berne correspondent of "The Times", is that the enemy after all may act on the defensive in the west and attack the Russian northern front. The correspondent, however, points out that the reports may be intended to divert the Allied guns and munitions to Russia, so rendering the Anglo-French offensive less formidable. While the British correspondents are very cautious in their statements regarding the retreat, the French writers assert that the Germans destroyed a number of heavy guns, that the retreat is not strategic but forced, and that the new line the Germans are reaching is in no way strong.

It is calculated that it will take the enemy three weeks to complete the withdrawal to the Arras-Cambrai line if such is his intention. German ingenuity and energy in hampering pursuit has been successfully countered by the skill of the British engineers building new roads and restoring railways behind the advance almost as fast as they were destroyed before it.

The British at one point are now almost on the outskirts of Bapaume and are pushing nearer Loupart wood, which is a network of wire intended to offer strong resistance.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

BOCHE TRICKS TO OBSTRUCT BRITISH PURSUIT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Mar. 3.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters describing the German retreat says:—The enemy has been characteristically destructive. He has set fire to supplies, blocked the trenches, rendered the roads impassable and exploded ammunition dumps. Hence, little booty is falling into our hands. Only an old machine-gun was found intact at Serre. Snipers, on whom the Germans are replying to obstruct pursuit, are posted in proportion of ten to every fourhundred yards of front.

A correspondent relates an instance of Boche tricks. Some Australians encountered a short chain across a gully and were about to lift it, when an Anzac veteran shouted, "Don't touch it" and an investigation showed that the chain was attached to a mine big enough to annihilate a regiment.

There was but little fighting for the possession of Serre. As the British were warily advancing, fourteen Germans emerged from the ruins with their hands up and they were soon followed by fifty others who had been ordered to resist to the death. They preferred to surrender.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

DIRECTION OF GERMAN RETIREMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. March 3.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters says that the aeroplanes profited by the bright sunshine and clear atmosphere of March 1st to observe the extent and direction of the German retirement, despite the counter activity of hostile aeroplanes. Official reports show, that the enemy moved mostly during night time.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

PARTIAL LULL IN GERMAN RETIREMENT.

WITHDRAWAL OF ARTILLERY CONTINUED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 7-10 p.m., March 4.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters in a despatch of to-day's date says:—The partial lull in the German retirement during the past two days has been due to the increasing difficulty the enemy experiences in carrying out movements without being observed. We are profiting by the lull to push forward communications and consolidate our advance. For instance, yesterday was largely devoted to cleaning up, with the result that over 200 prisoners were rounded up at various spots.

The lengthening of the range of the enemy artillery indicates that the withdrawal of his guns continues. Photographs taken by aircraft have disclosed a movement of batteries to the rear by road and rail.

British troops repudiate the suggestion that new gas-shells are responsible for the retirement, which is due to the tenacity, gallantry and increasing weight of our Armies.

HUN SUBMARINISM.

MR. GERARD'S DEPARTURE

IGNORES PIRATES' WARNING.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
CORUNNA, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. March 3.

The whole population of a certain Spanish port turned out to watch the embarkation of Mr. Gerard and his party of forty in addition to a crowd of American refugees from Berlin.

Mr. Gerard was specifically warned while in Berlin not to risk a voyage from Spain, but he ignored the warning. The steamer takes 1,700 Spanish emigrants to Cuba.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SINKING OF LACONIA AN OVERT ACT.

DR. WILSON REPORTED WAITING FOR CONGRESS SUPPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, March 4.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London, March 1.—Washington correspondents state that President Wilson regards the sinking of the Laconia as an overt act and that he is merely waiting an assurance that the Congress will give him solid support.

PIRATES' SEARCH FOR LACONIA'S CAPTAIN.

HOW HE ESCAPED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 7 a.m., March 4.

The captain of the Laconia donned mufti before the ship sank. Hence the pirates' search for him was fruitless.

THE TORPEDOED GALGORM CASTLE.

FEARED LOSS OF BOAT WITH AMERICANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. March 3.

The barque Galgorm Castle, which was sunk on February 27th was shelled for two hours. The captain, his wife and crew of 25, including four Americans, entered two boats. At nightfall the captain's boat drifted and it was thirteen and a half hours before she was sighted.

The second boat with twelve men, including two Americans, is missing and it is feared that she is lost as the weather was bad.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

TORPEDOED DUTCH STEAMERS.

RESULT OF DISTRSUT OF BRITISH UNDERWRITERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

It is stated that the owners of the torpedoed Dutch steamers declined the London underwriters' offer of ten guineas per cent. war risk, but accepted eight guineas from German underwriters. Hence the ships sailed with lights ablaze.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SUICIDAL ACT OF PIRACY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. March 3.

It is understood that the cargo of the Bandoeng consisted of Borneo tobacco from a German plantation insured in Hamburg. Its loss, therefore, will only affect Germany.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

DUTCH PROTEST AGAINST ATTACKS ON LINERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

A telegram from Amsterdam says that the Dutch Government has protested at Berlin against attacks on lines.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

GERMAN CONSPIRACY IN MEXICO.

FURTHER SENSATIONAL REVELATIONS.

PLOTING FOR REIGN OF TERROR IN U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, March 2.
Recd. 7-10 p.m., March 4.

It is now known that Bernstorff was instructed from Berlin to arrange for the dismantling of German ships in the United States ports simultaneously with the receipt by Mexico of Zimmermann's Note. It is inferred that detailed instructions were sent to Bernstorff to make war by the United States impossible. Officials are reticent, but it is indicated that the plot was general and wholesale.

The Washington correspondent of the "New York World" says that a strong impression exists that an important section of Zimmermann's Note has been withheld from publication and adds that Government has correspondence showing that the Germans sought to alienate the South American and Central American countries from the United States, instigated the recent revolt in Cuba and plotted a reign of terror in the United States in the event of trouble.

GERMAN JUSTIFICATION OF INTRIGUE.

HUNS ANGRY AT "TREACHERY" OF DISCLOSURE OF PLOT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, March 3.
Recd. 11-20 p.m., March 4.

Germany justifies the intrigue in Mexico against America on the ground that it constituted intelligent anticipation, subsequently justified, or America's abandoning neutrality.

Germany is angry at the "treachery" by which the intrigue was discovered.

AMERICAN CONSULS DETAINED IN GERMANY.

PENDING RELEASE OF GERMAN CONSULS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, March 1.
Recd. 7 a.m., March 4.

The State Department has been informed that Germany is detaining four American Consuls until she is officially advised that the United States is allowing German Consuls to proceed to the posts in South America to which they have been assigned.

Irritation is felt at the continued detention of the American citizens taken to Germany on board the Yarrowdale.

ARMING OF U. S. MERCHANTMEN.

MODIFIED BILL PASSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, March 2.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

After ten hours' debate the House of Representatives has passed by 403 votes to 12 the Bill empowering the President to arm merchantmen, but has not authorised him to use "other instrumentalities," which the President specifically desires.

LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 1-20 a.m., March 4.

The amendments to the Naval Bill were adopted making all appropriations available immediately instead of on July 1st and establishing another navy yard on the Pacific coast.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

AMERICAN NAVAL PREPAREDNESS.

835 MILLION DOLLARS VOTED BY SENATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
WASHINGTON, March 3.
Recd. 1-50 p. m., March 3.

The Senate has passed the 535 million dollars Naval Appropriation Bill without division and also 150 million dollars bonds to provide an emergency fund, 115 millions for the President to expedite naval construction and 35 millions for additional submarines.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

PURSUIT OF TURKS CONTINUED.

ENEMY RETIRING IN GREAT CONFUSION.

4,300 PRISONERS AND LARGE BOOTY CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 1-50 p. m., March 3.

A Mesopotamia official communiqué says:—The pursuit continued on Wednesday. The Turks in great confusion on Tuesday passed through Adiziyl.

We are systematically clearing the battlefield and bringing in booty hourly. The following captures have been made since February 23rd:—Prisoners, 4,300 making a total of 7,000 since December; 28 guns; 18 trench-mortars; three Turkish ships; two tugs; ten barges and thirty pontoons. *Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

MESOPOTAMIAN SUCCESS.

IMPROVEMENT IN TRANSPORT LARGELY RESPONSIBLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 11-20 p.m., March 4.

In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Forster stated that the improvement in the transport was largely responsible for the success in Mesopotamia, where the medical conditions were now generally satisfactory. There was necessarily some considerable sickness in Summer, but the ratio had since steadily diminished.

C.-IN-C'S CONGRATULARTIONS AND GENERAL MAUDE'S REPLY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Mar. 3.

The following messages have passed between the Commander-in-Chief in India and Lieut.-General Sir F. S. Maude, Commanding the Mesopotamian Expeditionary, Force, on the occasion of the recent success:—

To Lieut.-General Sir F. S. Maude from his Excellency Commander-in-Chief:—Please accept on behalf of myself and all ranks of the Army in India most hearty congratulations for yourself and all ranks serving under your command on the brilliant success achieved. I hope all wounded are doing well.

From Lieut.-General Maude:—I am most grateful to your Excellency for the kind message from yourself and all ranks in Mesopotamia. There are some serious cases amongst the wounded, but the proportion is not abnormal. Others are doing well.

GALLANTRY OF BRITISH TROOPS.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S CONGRATULATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 1-20 a.m., March 4.

Mr. Chamberlain has heartily congratulated General Maude on the brilliant success and gallantry and endurance of the troops.

General Maude, replying, says the devotion to duty, dash and gallantry of the troops, both British and Indian, has been matchless.

GENERAL NIVELLE'S CONGRATULATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 7 a.m., March 4.

General Nivelle has congratulated Sir William Robertson on the splendid feat of arms of the gallant troops of General Maude in capturing Kutelamara and on the important British successes on the Ancre which have brilliantly opened the campaign of 1917.

GENERAL SMUTS MADE PRIVY COUNCILLOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., March 3.

The Press Bureau states that General Smuts has been made a Privy Councillor.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

CHINESE ATTITUDE TOWARDS GERMANY.

SYMPATHY OF ALLIED MINISTERS.

SUSPENSION OF BOXER INDEMNITY PAYMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 9 p.m. March 3.

A telegram to "The Times" from Peking says the Allied Ministers have presented a memorandum to the Chinese Government sympathising with its attitude towards Germany and promising a favourable consideration of the questions of suspending boxer indemnity payments during the war and revising the tariff in the event of China effectively severing relations with Germany and Austria.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RUSSIAN SUCCESS NORTH OF RIMNIK.

ROUMANIANS DISLODGED FROM A HEIGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says:—A German counter-attack drove out the Roumanians from the height northward of the Zaval river.

We annihilated two field posts north of the Rimnik river.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RUSSIAN GAS ATTACK NORTH OF LAKE NAROITCH.

PANIC IN ENEMY TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 4.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says:—Our gas attack northward of Lake Naroitch provoked panic in the enemy's trenches. We drove out the Germans who entered our firstline trenches south-westward of Brzezany.

GERMAN FEAR OF RUSSIAN ATTACK

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, March 3.

A "Civil and Military" Gazette's special cable says:—

The "Nord Sud Agency" states that the unsual vigilance of the Germans on the Rige front suggests fear of a great Russian attack.

ARMY'S SPLENDID ACHIEVEMENT.

HIS MAJESTY'S GENEROUS COMMENDATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., March 3.

The Press Bureau says:—The King has congratulated Field Marshal Haig on the Army's splendid work, its steady and persistent pressure having forced the enemy to quit carefully prepared and strongly fortified positions. Its successes are a fitting sequel to the fine achievements on the Somme and are a great credit to those responsible for drawing up the plans of the campaign.

Field Marshal Haig warmly acknowledges his Majesty's generous commendations.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

LINERS TO BE REQUISITIONED.

PROFITS ABOVE REQUISITION RATES ACCRUE TO STATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 9 p.m. March 3.

It is understood that the Shipping Controller is contemplating a scheme for requisitioning liners under which owners will constitute a committee of management on which the Controller will be represented. Profits above those yielded at requisition rates will accrue to the State and all competition will be eliminated.

The scheme will first be applied to Australasia trade.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

GENERAL REVISION OF EXEMPTION CERTIFICATES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 9 p.m. March 3.

The Press Bureau announces that the Army Council has ordered a general revision of certificates of exemption in case of men under thirty-one. The Government impresses tribunals that the war is reaching a critical stage and it is imperative to obtain more men for the army. Exemption is in no way justified on the ground of employment or hardship, unless for most exceptional reasons.

The Government intimates that the special arrangement postponing the calling up of religious workers and students is terminated.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

RECRUITING FOR INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

APPEAL TO YOUNG INDIA.

TO DEFEND THEIR OWN COUNTRY.

"INDIA ON HER TRIAL".

PATRIOTIC RESPONSE IN BOMBAY.

Under the auspices of the Home Rule League a meeting was held on Friday night at 9-30 in Santaram's Chawl, Mugbhat Lane, to make an appeal to Young Indians in Bombay to join the new Defence of India Force. The place was packed to overflowing, at least 10,000 people being present, and great enthusiasm prevailed. At the close of the meeting we are informed, over 800 names were registered. We are asked to state that the Home Rule League have opened a Register at their rooms, 251 Hornby Road, for recording the names of those willing to serve in the Defence of India Force.

...Mr. Tilak was voted to the chair by acclamation.

MR. TILAK'S APPEAL.

Mr. B. G. Tilak said he was thankful to them for electing him as their chairman. They had received a letter from Mr. M. K. Ghandi expressing sympathy with the meeting and wishing them every success.

Continuing, Mr. Tilak said they had met there for a very important purpose. The public meeting was called for the purpose of letting the Government, know that they were eager to join the new force. This opportunity for which they were longing had not been given them for a long time although they were anxious for it. But now that opportunity had come to them through unforseen circumstances. Every fighting man, whether Indian or European, had been sent to the front to bear his share of burden, and now the Government were faced with the problem of defending their frontiers. Government had come to the definite conclusion that India should be defended by enlisting the services of Indians, by making them responsible for its defence. The Congress had been hankering for these rights for the last many years, but they were never given the right of bearing arms for the defence of their country. He admitted that recent events, which had happened in the Imperial Council, had done much to throw cold water on their enthusiasm. He thought if the Viceroy had been present in the Council their aspirations would have fared better, but unfortunately they had to deal with a soldier, who was lacking in statesmanship. But they must remember that they were asked to enlist for the defence of their country, and they must not mind the petty pin-pricks which were resorted to by the Commander-in-Chief. They must not consider that the conditions were derogatory to their self-respect, but they must place before themselves the duty, which patriotism asked them to perform. They were told that the new force would not be sent out of India on foreign service, and the army would have to serve only in India for a short time, hence they must not be backward in enlisting. Of course, they could not be trained to be officers in this short period of one year at least that is what the authorities said in their explanations—but as soon as they were fit, they would be made officers, He was afraid the officials were guided more by the counsels of Mr Abbott than by the real interests of Indians.

NOT A TIME TO DRAW BACK.

Still, this was not the time to draw back! This was the fittest time to show their spirit in defence of their country, their Empire and their manhood. No obstacles should deter them from coming forward and enlisting themselves for the sake of their country. As for college students they should not think that they would be wasting a year or two in soldiering, for this was a great opportunity for them to get military training. All over Europe students are trained to military duties and it was their duty to join the military standard.

MR. BAPTISTA ON INDIA'S TRIAL.

Mr. J. Baptista said he must apologise for appearing before them in civilian clothes, but he could secure no fit clothes for himself, hence he had to appear in these ordinary clothes. He always thought that example was better than precept, but unfortunately he was debarred on account of his age to join the army. He felt it his duty to exhort them to join the army and he asked everyone of them to join the army and he hoped that the appeal would be responded to right royally, because India was on its trial to-day and their action would redound to the credit of the country. But if they failed, then India would have to chew the cud of disgrace for generations. The responsibility upon the manhood of India to-day was very great. He would enunciate some of the obstacles which militated against their response. One of the objections was that this was a measure which did not inaugurate a policy of trust, but a measure which was merely dictated by expediency and necessity, and they all felt that trust should be shown to them.

They had been repeating with Lord Ripon the words "Trust and fear not," yet they had not been able to infuse that spirit of trust in the authorities. But the walls of distrust had been broken to some extent, and he believed the time was not distant when the walls of distrust would fall like the walls of Jericho. They must follow what Mr. Tilak had told them to do. Only the other day, they had passed an order against Mr. Tilak that he was a menace to the safety of the kingdom. ("shame!") But there he was to-day asking them to fight for their Country (Cheers.) Never mind the administrators for they always blundered and floundered ("shame!") British rule must be differentiated from the administrators, for they would pass away and would recognise that they had blundered. But let their enthusiasm not be interfered with by such things. Let them not take any notice of the ungenerous acts of their rulers at the present time defend their country out of their own free will. There could be no more sacred duty asked of the sons of India. The challenge was thrown to them—will they or will they not defend their country? And if they were the true sons of India they must respond with alacrity. He hoped India would at least contribute one million of recruits, and he thought this would have a magnificent effect upon the whole world including England. Their destinies were in the hands of the people of England and not Anglo-Indians. He asked them whether a million men would be too great a price for Home Rule. (Cheers).

HON. MR. MANMOHANDAS RAMJI.

The Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji said they would never again be able to regain the splendid opportunity of serving their country if they allowed it to pass by now and any irresolution on their part now would hamper the action of the National Congress. He urged everybody to join the volunteer army leaving aside the question whether they get commissions in the army or not. They must leave aside all other questions and answer the call of duty by joining the Defence of India Force. One of his own sons was going to join the Army.

MRS. NAIDU.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu then spoke as follows:—

Citizens of Bombay, and soldiers of to-morrow,—Two things I will demand of you before I begin to speak, the first is that polite silence and the second that perfect silence as befits soldiers. Unlike Mr. Baptista, I did not venture to order a costume of recruiting soldier, but following his precept that example is better than precept, I have brought three soldiers with me in this audience, one of whom has only to-day returned to India after risking his precious young life for two years and six months. I think, citizens, that there can be no better recruiting sergeant than that young soldier who sits in your midst to-day. I asked him whether he would speak a few words and he said "No." But I say to you enlist and become Soldiers of India. (Cheers.) Mr. Baptista has told us that it is for the service of the motherland that this great call to arms has sounded and it is one of the greatest and most sacred duty to say "I will risk my life as a loving loyal son for the safety of my motherland." I say we have heard the cry ringing out from all parts of India that the manhood of India is emasculated, that India is unarmed, that India cannot hold her head up in the rank of the militant and progressive nations, because on her is the dishonour of an unarmed people. To-day the opportunity comes, the cry has been answered, God has granted our prayer. I want to know now, Indian men, that God having answered your prayer has given you embarrassment or an opportunity. Unarmed India will no longer be unarmed. The sons of the Islamic sword can once more become sons of the sword that was famous in olden times. They now no longer feel the shame of their condition. There is a national army to be founded. There is the challenge to your courage. Now is the time to show your patriotism. We have before us a living example, not in Europe alone but in Asia, of people who have given their lives for their country. In Japan we have an example what patriotism is, they keep up the honour of their country above all things. And it is from this very Japan that unarmed India was going to have her forces into India, that India can guard itself and must guard itself. We cry for Home Rule, we want to have a share in the administration of the country, but what administration can be effective unless and until the boundaries of India are guarded by her own sons; we must be ready to serve for the honour and prosperity of the motherland. One million men they say will be good enough. I doubt it will be good enough. If you are going to be true to your country, if you are patriotic, should not this mass form the first unit of a great national army. We have not come here merely to have our sentiments excited or for some curiosity to hear what others are saying and feeling, but we have come here in the right mood of responsibility, ready, ready to pledge our lives for the cause of the country, ready to die even if need be for the love of our country. Let us be ready to serve in the rank and file of a great national army without receiving any recognition. We have to guard the national honour of our country. We are representing the national force for the defence of India. (Loud Cheers.)

MR. B. G. HORNIMAN,

Mr. B. G. Horniman said he had to confess that it was with a certain feeling of embarrassment—which he did not usually feel in addressing an audience of Indians—that he addressed this great and enthusiastic meeting that night. And for this reason, because he felt that this was an occasion upon which only Indians should appeal to Indians and that it was something of an intrusion on the part of those who were not Indians, to do so. But he had been asked by the Chairman to speak that night. He could not speak to them with the same enthusiasm and feeling that he should have been able to do if he were one of their countrymen. The other day somebody said that he was one of those rare Englishmen who thought and felt like an Indian. He (the speaker) had taken that as a great compliment, but he would say now, as he had said then, that though he valued the compliment he claimed to think and feel like an Englishman. But here he was thinking and feeling and speaking as a friend of India who wanted her to stand as a self-respecting nation on equal terms with the other parts of the British Empire. (Cheers.) Since he came to India about ten years ago he had endeavoured in his humble sphere to work for the great consummation that he had spoken of. He had longed passionately for the day when this great consummation might be realised. The tremendous importance of that meeting was that that day was now in right and that here and now was the moment and the opportunity, when India was on her trial. And if she proved true to herself now she could not be denied that status within the British Empire to which she was entitled. As a friend of India he wished to put a few considerations before them. He had heard it said that this was a question which should not be approachd from any point of view of selfish consideration. But there were certain questions of interest to India which it was important they should not ignore. Two years ago Lord Hardinge who believed in the policy of trust (Cheering) told the Imperial Government that they could take away every soldier and that India would protect herself. But, however willing a people might be to protect itself they could not leave a great country like this without some sort of garrison. It was therefore subsequently found necessary to replace the garrison that left India for the front. Certain dangers had arisen then too which also made that essential. An attempt had been made to induce the Amir of Afghanistan to join the Germans, an attempt which fortunately failed. But it became essential to replace the garrison in India and British Territorials were brought to India. Those were men who had volunteered in England for the protection of their Motherland, as Indians were being asked to do now, but who willingly came to India in response to the call made upon them. Would the people of India not do the same for the defence of the country? They could not tell what might happen in the future. But should such a situation arise again, instead of having an Indian Territorial Army springing to its feet to defend the country, did they want to have British Territorials brought to India again to perform the duty that was the duty of Indians? He reminded them of the treaty between England and Japan. He desired to speak with the highest respect of the Japanese, but did the people of India when their country was in danger want the Japanese to come here and defend the country instead of protecting themselves? Those were two selfish reasons but also reasons of honour which made it inevitable that every man of military age in India should respond to the call. But there were other considerations also. This audience was probably an audience of Home Rulers. He was a Home Ruler himself, not only for his own country but for every country within the Empire (cheers), but it had rightly been asked how they were going to rule themselves if they could not defend and fight for yourselves. Recently, the whole of this country was stirred and shocked by the revelation of the fact that there was an attempt on foot to place India in the hands of an Imperial Council where India was not to be adequately represented, but the Colonies were. But how were they going to prevent that from becoming inevitable unless they were prepared to show that they as well as the people of the Self-Governing Dominions were prepared to accept the responsibility of their Imperial position. They could not fully carry out that responsibllity unless they were prepared to accept to the very full this invitation to bear arms and to play their part in the defence of their country. If this appeal which was made to them was a failure, the result would be that the next time a danger arose in this country, Japanese troops would come there to protect them; secondly not only would Japanese troops come, but the troops of the Self-Governing Dominions, if Indians were too selfish or lazy to protect their own country. (Cheers.)

I ask you, continued the speaker, whether you are content that this duty should be undertaken by the troops of Japan or the self-governing Colonies. (Shouts of "No"). Whether you are content that others should perform the duty that is yours. (Renewed cries of "No.")

These were selfish considerations, but there were also considerations of honour and sentiment. He asked them whether taking all those considerations into account, whether after listening to the eloquent appeal of Mrs. Naidu, whether there was a single man of military age in that audience that would not be ashamed to go away that night without having taken an oath to register himself as a volunteer and join the Defence of India Force. (Loud cheers). There was an appeal in this matter not only to the men of India, but to the women of India. (Cheers.) He made this appeal not only to the men of India but the women of India. He would ask the women of India not only to allow their sons to volunteer, but to urge their sons to fulfil the duty that had been laid upon them as the citizens of a great Empire. (Cheers). When every young man went out of that audience he should not be content to take the vow merely which the speaker had asked him to take, but he should also utilise the opportunity of registering his name in order that a great roll of patriotic Indians might be sent to the Commander-in-Chief in Delhi so that he may realise that the people of India were not as was suggested in the Council, only to be treated as children, but were to be treated as grown up, responsible men and self-respecting citizens.

MR. SYUD HOSSAIN.

Mr. Syud Hossain said that he heartily associated himself with the urgent and cogent appeals that had been made by the previous speakers. From every conceivable point of view it was the imperative duty of all young Indians to avail themselves to the full of the opportunity that the Government had given them of enlisting in the Defence of India Force. He was well aware,—having himself led a deputation on the question to Lord Islington, the Under-Secretary of State for India,—that considerable dissatisfaction had existed over the denial of the right to Indians to hold the King's Commission. Indians, too, had felt very strongly in the past the absence of suitable opportunities for military training. The new measure which the Government had introduced comprised a great departure in both respects, and the time had come for Indians to put on one side all doubts and misgivings and petty discontents, and enlist themselves for the Defence of India Force in a spirit of true patriotism and loyalty to the great Empire in which they were anxious to take their proper place. For all young Indians, and specially for those who called themselves Home Rulers, he could not imagine a greater honour and privilege than that of being called upon to prepare themselves for the Defence of India. It was necessary in this matter to take long views and have clear-cut notions. They had been talking of Home Rule, and dreaming of Home Rule, but the new Act gave them a chance, for the first time, of making a beginning towards living Home Rule. For no community could claim or aspire to a complete national existence unless it was prepared to shoulder the full responsibility of the primary duty of maintaing the defence of the country. Indians had a great opening before them, worthy alike of their aspirations and of the duty they owed to their motherland and the Empire. Let them therefore come forward in a spirit of whole-hearted response to the great call: this was no time for subterfuge, for faintheartedness, for evasion or doubt of any sort or kind. (Cheers).

MR. K. P. KHADILKAR.

Mr. K. P. Khadilkar said the question which was agitating their minds was whether they should or should not join the army. There were those among them who thought that because Commissions were not thrown open to them they should not enlist as a slur had been cast upon them. But there was no disgrace in defending their country, and every General must in the first place serve as a common soldier. The army was not meant for fashionable or unwilling people. He exhorted them to join the army without delay. Here was an opportunity, a door thrown open to them after a long time and long waiting, and were they going to reject it? What was there better calculated to prove their manliness than the career of a soldier. Unless they were able to defend their country they could not be fit for Home Rule which was the ultimate goal of them all.

MR. JAMNADAS DWARKADAS.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas appealed to the mothers of India to come out and induce their sons to join the Army. It would be an everlasting shame to the sons of India if they failed to respond to the call.

In winding up the proceedings Mr. Tilak eloquently exhorted the audience to join the force whether they got Commissions or not. This was the first step towards Home Rule, towards the glory of their country (Cheers).

With a vote of thanks to the chair, the meeting came to an end.

LITIGANTS BENEFIT WAR FUND.

BOMBAY'S EXAMPLE IN CALCUTTA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, March 3.

The example of Bombay has been followed by Calcutta litigatants in making over the amount in dispute to the War Fund and thus terminating litigation in a satisfactory way.

At the Small Causes Court yesterday, there was a suit between two respectable Bengalees in which the plaintiff claimed Rs. 1,500 for the price of coal. At the suggestion of the court the parties and their buyers had a discussion outside the court and they came to a settlement of all sums except Rs. 300, both parties told the court that the disputed sum, each paying half, should be made over to Lady Carmichael's War Fund.

The Chief Judge agreed to forward the amount.

AMERICAN YARROWDALE PRISONERS STILL IN QUARANTINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, March 3.
Recd. 11-20 p.m., March 4.

A Berlin telegarm says that the American Yarrowdale prisoners are still detained because British seamen have contracted spotted typhus. It is hoped to raise the quarantine on the 7th instant.

BAPAUME NOT TO BE DEFENDED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, March 4.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" correspondent cables:—

London, March 1.—A correspondent at the front mentions the destruction by the Germans of buildings of use for observation and in particular of the Bapaume clock tower. It is inferred from this that Bapaume will not be defended.

GERMAN COMPENSATION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. March 3.

The "Tyda" says:—If Germany offers compensation for the torpedoing of the seven Dutch ships, she will be asked to hand over a number of German merchantmen which took refuge in the Dutch East Indies.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SUCCESSFUL FRENCH RAID.

ENEMY HUTMENTS AND RAILWAY STATIONS BOMBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

This afternoon's French communiqué says:—We repulsed, with loss, two German raids west of Soissons and raided a German trench near Vauquois and brought back prisoners.

Two German aeroplanes bombed Montdidier. One person was killed and three were injured.

Eleven French aeroplanes bombed hutments at Guiscard and railway stations at Appilly and Baboeuf (Oise), causing a fire at the last named.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SUCCESSFUL BOMBARDMENT OF ENEMY ORGANISATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 2-35 p.m., March 3.

Last night's French communiqué said:—We successfully bombarded enemy organisations north of the Aisne and left of the Meuse.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

SUCCESSFUL FRENCH RAIDS ON ENEMY TRENCHES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 4.

This afternoon's French communiqué reports several successful raids on German trenches, near Moulin-sons-Touvent, east of Hi'l 304 and in the Forest of Apremont. We brought back prisoners and material.

ALLIED MISSIONS TO RUSSIA.

RESULT OF VISIT MOST SATISFACTORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 4.
Recd. 7-10 p.m., March 4.

The Allied Missions have returned from Russia. They are most satisfied with the result of their visit.

INDIAN DELEGATES IN EGYPT.

MAHARAJA OF BIKANER ENTERTAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
CAIRO, March 1.
Recd. 11-20 p.m., March 4.

A garden party in honour of the Maharajah of Bikaner was given at the British Residency here. Sir James Meston and Sir S. P. Sinha are visiting Luxor.

SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

The steamer Headley and two small craft, all British, have been sunk. The total tonnage lost is over 5,000.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

MESSRS. MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 7 a.m., March 4.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says:—Supplies of new silver are most scanty and arrivals from America have been unusually small. The general demand is slight, though the coinage demand continues. The China exchanges are still appreciably below parity.

DEATH OF A NOTED JOURNALIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 11-20 p.m., March 4.

The death of Mr. Henry John Cust is announced.

NEW ZEPPELIN DESTROYED ON TRIAL RUN.

CREW BURNT TO DEATH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, March 3.
Recd. 7 a.m., March 4.

According to Belgian correspondents a new Zeppelin which was making speed trials at Ghent on February 26th caught fire and exploded and the crew was burnt to death. It is added that the Belgian eyewitnesses were arrested and taken to Germany.

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GRIEVANCES OF INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S SCHEME FOR REDRESS.

DISABLED OFFICERS' EMPLOYMENT QUESTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.
Recd. 9 p.m., March 3.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir John Rees regarding the grievances of officers of the Indian Army, Mr. Chamberlain announced that the Government of India had carefully re-examined the question of pay and promotion in communication with himself and the War Office. In view of the length of the war and the arduous campaign in which the Indian Army was engaged he had now sanctioned, with the concurrence of the War Office, a further acceleration in time scale for promotion during the war and grant of pay corresponding to rank. Under the revised scheme, promotion to the rank of lieutenant would be after one year's service, to captain, after four year's service, and to major, after fifteen years. This scale of promotion would be retrospective in effect from the 1st September 1915 and would carry pay from the 1st September 1916. He was still communicating with the Government of India about certain details but hoped that the scheme would be published in a few weeks.

With regard to sick leave pay the Government of India had represented to him that the rates inadequately met the circumstances of officers badly wounded or suffering from serious illness contracted on field service, and he had asked the War Office to concur in the proposals for granting better rates in such cases.

With regard to placing the Indian Army officers on half pay after two years if unfit for duty in India, he was not satisfied that half pay was altogether appropriate for the present conditions in the Indian Army and he was consulting the Government of India in the matter.

He had also tempered the rule regarding the removal from effective list after two years whenever it was possible to find employment either in India or Britain for a disabled officer. The Government of India sympathised and was co-operating to the full in this matter.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

ANOMALIES IN EXISTING SYSTEM.

COMMISSION UNDER CHAIRMANSHIP OF MR. CHURCHILL APPOINTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 1.
Recd. 11-20 p.m., March 4.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Macpherson, Parliamentary Under-Secretary, War Office, announced that a Commission under the chairmanship of Mr. Churchill, had been appointed to examine the question of promotion of officers and deal with anomalies in the existing system.

WOMEN AS SOLICITORS.

SECOND READING OF ENABLING BILL PASSED BY LORDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., March 3.

The House of Lords has passed the second reading of the Bill enabling women to practise as solicitors.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*

NO NAMES OF STEAMERS SUNK TO BE PUBLISHED.

FRANCE FOLLOWS ENGLAND'S EXAMPLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 3.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 4.

France has decided to follow Great Britain's example by suspending the publication of names of ships sunk and giving instead a weekly statement regarding submarinism.

TRANSPORT DIFFICULTIES IN GERMANY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, March 3.

A "Civil and Military" Gazette's special cable says:—

Reuter's Berne correspondent says that most of the German trains sent to Roumania for corn did not return but were used to transport all available food to the eastern front. This detention of rolling stock is greatly increasing the transport difficulties in Germany.

OVERSEAS REPRESENTATIVES ATTEND WAR CABINET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 2.
Recd. 1-50 p. m., March 3.

The Press Bureau says:—Representatives of the overseas Dominions attended to-day's War Cabinet. The special Imperial War Cabinets have been postponed *pro tempore*.—*Appeared in our Sunday Edition.*



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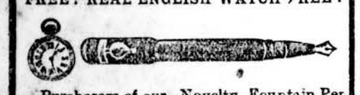
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MAHAHALAXMI RACES.

DETAILS AND RESULTS.

The following are the detailed results of Saturday's Racing at Mahaluxmi. A descriptive account appeared in our Sunday Edition.

THE MARCH PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 750; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Rajmahomed Vazir's ORMUZ, 7-8 (ed 7-11), Fullin 1
Mr. Amar's BIKANEER, 8-1, Fahad 2
Mr. Frank's ROYALIST, 9-1, Trahan ... 3

Also Ran:—Khan Bahadur 9-2, Good Morning 9-2, Panama 9-0, Archer 8-9, Salim 8-8, Shatra 8-2, Mint Master 8-1, Barjora 7-11, Cox 7-6, Toledo 7-4.

The Race:—They got away level when Mint Master led followed by Cox; at the 7-furlong turn Bikaneer and Mint Master were seen leading by 4 lengths, the rest behind in a half-dead crawl. Near the 3rd furlong, Royalist, who was far behind, just made a weak attempt to come up. Ormuz, however, got out and entered the straight first, Bikaneer challenged but could make no impression on the leader who went to win by one length, three-quarter and one-and-a-half.

Time:—2 mins. 24½ secs.

1st Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 63; Places, Rs. 49, Rs. 80-8 and Rs. 18.

2nd Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 21; Places, Rs. 22-8, Rs. 44 and Rs. 8.

Trainer:—Foroy bin Sanaj.

THE CAMPOLI PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in 1st and 2nd Division, which have not won flat race value Rs. 2,000 or over since 31st March, 1916.

Mr. A. Nanjee's HURCHAN, 9-3, F. Templeman 1
Mr. E. L. F. De Soysa's LORD ROSEBERRY, 8-3, Trenoweth 2*
Mr. N. Jehangir's ATA ALLAH, 7-5, Lynch 2*
Mr. Ebrahim Mutlag's SAOOD, 6-11, Purtoosingh 3
*Dead-heat.

Also Ran:—Durban 9-12, Kaharaman 9-5, Burg 8-3, Sirmust 7-2, Full Moon 7-0.

The Race:—As soon as they were let go Saood jumped out and established a long lead followed by Sirmust and Ata Allah five lengths behind the leader. Saood made the race fast and broke the pace of the top weights, Lord Roseberry challenged in the straight and passed Saood but Hurchan came with a strong run and won by 1½ lengths. Lord Roseberry and Ata Allah dead-heated for second place—half length.

Time:—1 min. 39 secs.

1st Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 35; Places, Rs. 13-8, Rs. 19-8 and Rs. 15-8.

2nd Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 19; Places, Rs. 7, Rs. 7-8 and Rs. 7-8.

Trainer:—Goolam Ali.

THE NOTTINGHAM PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd Division.

Mr. R. R. S.'s DUNSKEY, 7-4, Ringstead 1
Mr. M. Gooculdass's GIPSY'S ADVICE, 9-2, Flynn 2
Mr. T. Gordhandass's MADRINA, 6-9 (ed 6-12), Japheth 3

Also Ran:—Santa Barbara 9-13, Triple Alliance 9-12, Leven Bridge 9-5, Sugar Loaf 8-10, Bed-time 8-3, Bedspread 7-12, Spenser 7-9, Yuan 7-4, Partial Eclipse 7-0.

The Race:—They were sent well, Madrina and one of Mr. Wilton Bartleet's pair went ahead, followed by Triple Alliance and Gipsy's Advice. At the fifth furlong Triple Alliance fell back and Dunskey moved up to the third position, Madrina entered the straight first when Dunskey and Gipsy's Advice challenged. The former went strong to win by 2 lengths, one length and ½ length.

Time:—1 min. 36 secs.

1st Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 63-8; Places, Rs. 22, Rs. 22-8 and Rs. 19.

2nd Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 66-8; Places, Rs. 16, Rs. 11 and Rs. 10.

Trainer:—Byramjee Rustomjee.

THE MELTON PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under which have been imported into Bombay direct from the country of foaling on or after 1st July, 1916. 14 hands to carry 9st. W. I. Landing allowance clause in general conditions does not apply.

Messrs. Downne's and A. S. Comer's NIGER. 7-8, Japheth 1*
Mr. Heath's INNOCENCE, 8-10, Bowley 1*
Messrs. A. R. Dakeel and E. Ghumla's FURY, 7-8, Collis 2
Messrs. A. S. Oomer and A. Nanjee's FOUR ACES, 9-0, A. Templeman 3
*Dead-heat.

Also Ran:—Bhookhri 9-0, Natal 8-10, Second String 8-10, Legislator 9-0, Adil 8-6, Argonaut 8-2, Union Jack 8-6, Sir Martin 9-0, Garland 9-0, Starling 8-2.

The Race:—Four Aces, Niger and Bhookhri were first to lead out. Four Aces was first to enter the straight, followed by Niger and Fury. Innocence joined them before the stands and a beautiful race took place. They went head to head, Four Aces a neck behind. Niger and Innocence dead-heated, Fury a head behind.

In the run off Niger beat Innocence by 1 length. Run off paid Rs. 13; second enclosure, Rs. 11.

Time:—1 min. 25 secs.

1st Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 9-8 and Rs. 75; Places, Rs. 5-8, Rs. 17 and Rs. 43.

2nd Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 5 and Rs. 38; Places, Rs. 5-8, Rs. 31-8 and Rs. 41.

Trainers:—Mr. A. S. Oomer and Mr. T. Harrison.

THE LEGPARDSTOWN PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,500; second, Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 750. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in 1st and 2nd Divisions, which have not won flat race value Rs. 3,000 or over since 31st March, 1916.

Messrs. Hasting and Downe's TOLLENDAL, 6-8 (ed 6-12), Lynch 1
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's PREMIERE, 7-11, Collis 2
Messrs. Heath and Stewart's TOOTSIE, 8-10, Bowley 3

Also Ran:—Evett 9-12, Forfoit Lass 9-5, Criton 8-13, Black Kite 8-7, Binfield Grove 8-0, Kenilworth 8-0, Fire Finch 7-13, Carpentia 7-8, Penny Pie 6-9, King's Head 6-7.

The Race:—After a false start they were sent away well when Premiere cut the pace followed by Tollendal, Evett, Carpentia and Forfeit Lass. Premiere was first in the straight where Tollendal challenged and had the field at his mercy. He went as he liked to win by ¾ length, ¾ length, ½ length.

Time:—1 min. 15 secs.

1st Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 184; Places, Rs. 46-8, Rs. 70-8 and Rs. 22-8.

2nd Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 113-8; Places, Rs. 27, Rs. 49 and Rs. 13.

Trainer:—T. Redfern.

THE BASSEIN PLATE.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Division.

Mr. Ebrahim Gazi's ADVANCE, 8-6, Purtoosingh 1
Mr. K. Cassambhoy's TAWDRY, 7-10, Harrison 2
Mr. S. A. Wahed's BLACK HUSSAR, 9-5, Rose 3

Also Ran:—Excelsior 9-7, Gazal 9-7, Black Ivory 8-10, Welcome 7-11, Malayeb 7-10, Eldorado 7-4.

The Race:—When they passed by, Welcome was seen leading, followed by Eldorado and Tawdry. They kept this order till the fifth furlong where Welcome and Eldorado retired, Black Hussar and Gazal then went ahead, followed by Advance, Gazal drew back at the bend and Tawdry was first to enter the straight, followed by Black Hussar. Before the stands Advance, from the outside, drew out to win by 1½ lengths, ¾, ½.

Time:—2 mins. 58 secs.

1st Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 121; Places, Rs. 44, Rs. 21-8 and Rs. 23.

2nd Enclosure—Totes Paid:—Win, Rs. 55; Places, Rs. 15-8, Rs. 10 and Rs. 10-8.

Trainer:—Mahomed Jamal.

THE GOSFORTH PARK PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs 1,500; second Rs 500; third Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.

Mr. S. A. Wahed's DORIAN, 9-7 Rose 1
Mr. Heath's LUCKY THOUGHT 8-8, Bowley 2
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's FINAL PROOF 9-0 Collis 3

Also ran:—Rueful 9-8; Strathroyale 9-5; Dunrries 9-4; Drill Mistress 9-2; Dollet 8-9; Night Flyer 8-0; Highfield Lady 8-3; Megale 8-2; Sungrebe 7-0; Wise Thrush 7-6; Vardar 7-1; Kit Grey Leg 6-7.

From a good start Dorian went at once to the front followed by Rueful and Final Proof. At the third furlong Rueful gave up and Final Proof and Dorian went strong. At the bend Megale made his efforts but could not overtake Dorian who cantered home in the straight to win by 3 lengths, ½ length and neck.

Time —1min 14½ sec.

First Enclosure Tote Paid.—Win Rs. 147. Place Rs. 46, Rs. 24-8 and Rs. 22.

Second Enclosure Tote Paid.—Win Rs. 67. Place Rs. 18, Rs. 14 and Rs. 10.

Trainer.—Mahomed Khailan.

THE MARCH PLATE.—(Division I.)—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Nasor Abdoolah's MAJOR late JAMADAR 8-3, Bullock 1
Mr. Downes' ABDUL 8-8 Purtoosingh 2
Mr. Heath's SUBBIACCA 7-6, Harrison ... 3

Also Ran.—Fairy Gold 9-7; Powerful 9-4; Mount Pleasant 9-3; Nassau 8-13; Refusal 8-11; Marmora 8-10; Safi 8-7; Morning Light late Remmes 8-0; Dartmoor 7-9; Tawakul 7-7; Raven 7-6.

The Race.—Powerful, Subbiacca and Jamadar cut the place during the grater part of the journey. Tawakul joined them near the fifth furlong for a little while. Powerful gave up at the 3rd furlong and Jamdaar lead in the straight where Abdul challenged. A fine race between the pair took place before the stands, Jamadar stayed to win by a neck, 2½ lengths ½ length.

Time.—2 min. 23 secs.

First Enclosure Tote Paid.—Win Rs. 249-8. Place Rs 84-8; Rs 70 and Rs. 83-8.

Second Enclosure Tote Paid.—Win Rs. 121-8, Place Rs 26. Rs. 22 and Rs. 31.

Trainer.—Owner.

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CALCUTTA RACES.

EIGHTH EXTRA MEETING.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 3.

Calcutta racing season came to an end to-day, with a long card of eight events first of them being a match, between Mr. Dowson's consistent performer. One and Mr. Coningham's Blackmailer for Rs. 3,000 a side. One did not leave the issue in doubt at any part of the journey. He won five brackets this season. After this Frisette was the only other favourite that won. In the rest of the races, although favourites failed to materialise, the winners were not allowed to run friendless. The public received very bad set-to when Idlewild starting hottest favorite of the day, failed even to secure a place. Starting excepting in the last race was uniformly good. The attendance despite the weather conditions, was big. The details are given below.

MATCH Rs. 3,000 aside—Distance 1¼ miles.

Mr. Dowson's ONE 8-7, Barrett 1
Mr. Coningham's BLACKMAILER, 9-0, Clarke 2

Betting:—15 to 2, on One, 3 to 2 Blackmailer.

The Race:—One led all through and stalling off Blackmailer's challenge in the straight, won by a neck. Time 2mins. 13 1/5 secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 14 win.

BADMINTON PLATE:—One mile.

Mr. Theddeus' ST. GUTHLAC, 9-7, Wing. 1
Mr. Donetil's TURBULETNT, 8-4, Stokes. 2
Mr. Bates' LANDORE, 7/9, Billett 3

Also Ran:—Ladavon 7-7, Sangallman 7-5.

Betting:—3 to 2 Landore, twos St. Guthlac, fours Turbulent, sixes the rest.

The Race:—To a good start Turbulent led from Ladavon and Landore, then Signalman, with St. Guthlac last. Reaching the straight, Turbulent still led, but the others had closed on him and, after a good race, Wing squeezed St. Guthlac home to win by a short head—head between second and third. Time 1min. 43sec.

Totalizator paid Rs. 27 win. Rs. 19 and 22 places.

RIVE PLATE—1 1/4 miles.

Mr. Gaulstaun's FRISTTE, 10-3, Wing ...
Mr. Scott's SEA LAD, 9-9, Firth 2
Mr. Norton's SIMONS LIGHT, 8-1, Melsom 3

Also Ran:—Naini, 6-11 (car. 7-0), Maud 8-5, Dolly Schomberg 6-12, Footstep 6-7.

Betting:—Evens Frisette, 5 to 2 Maud, fives Sea Lad, sevens Simons Light, twelves the rest.

The Race:—Simons Light was the first to break line. She led merrily with Maud second and Sea Lad third. Turning into the straight, Wing brought Frisette in with a rattle and leaving the field standing, won by 3 lengths, neck between second and third Time 2mins. 11 4/5secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 27 win. Rs. 16 and 21 places.

THE FAREWELL PLATE.—One mile.

Messrs. Donetil and Page's GUESS, 8-5, Quinn 1
Mr. Lauder's WINCHESTER, 8-10, Pratt. 2
Mr. Fleming's MARY, 8-6, Barker 3

Also Ran:—One 9/4 Boss Lee 9-7, The Rocking Horse 8-13, Castle Vite, 8-0 (car. 8-1), Star of India 7-13, Colour Bay 7-10, Lady Marchmint 7-5 (car. 7-7), Watteau 7-3.

Betting:—Twos One, fours Lady Marchmint, sixes Star of India, Castle Vite, sevens Guess and Winchester, longer prices the rest.

The Race.—From off a fair start, Lady Marchmint showed the way to Winchester, Mary and Boss Lee, with Guess about seventh from the leader. After going two furlongs, Guess ranged alongside the leader.. A furlong further down. Guess assumed command and Lady Marchmint compounded. From here Guess was never troubled, who won comfortably by 2 lengths, 1/2 length between second and third. Time 1min. 40 1/5 secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 103. Win Rs. 41, 67, and 63. Places.

THE SPRING PLATE.—1 1/2 miles.

Mr. Lauder and Lt.-Col. Smith's GRACEFIELD, 7-10 Stokes 1
Mr. Butter's BETTY BIRR, 8-0, Billett... 2
Mr. Coningham's SUMURUN, 8-2, Quinn 3

Also Aan:—Bodenham 9-5, Miss Drake 9-7, Milliner 9-4, Stage Fright 8-12, Yonkers 8-12, Idlewild 8-11, Spoofer 8-7, Dont Be Late 7-13, Lady Doris 7-5, Zelia 7-0, Affluence 0-12, (car. 7-1).

Betting:—Evens Idlewild, fours Gracefield, sixes Affluence, tens or more the rest.

The Race:—A large field was despatched perfectly level but after going a few strides, Grace Field assumed command and Sumurun second position. The favourite. Idlewild, occupied intermediate position which varied almost always. Near the half-mile post he seemed to make his move and catch the leaders, but in the straight he fell off and his stable companion tried fruitlessly to challenge the leader, who won by 2 1/2 lengths, 2 lengths between second and third Time 2mins. 35 1/5 secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 60 win. Rs. 19, 31 and 33 places.

THIRD JUMPERS FLAT RACE.—1 mile 6 furlongs 132 yards.

Messrs. Swan and Hilliard's FOOTSTEPS, FEARFLESS, 9-12, Northmore 1
Mr. Allan's BRANDICHOC, 10-4, Thompson 2
Mr. Donetil's PAT MALONE, 9-11, Hayhoe 3

Also Ran:—Larrikin 10-5, Sholto 9-0, Dynevor Park 8-12.

Betting:—3 to 2 Larrikin, twos Brandichoc, 5 to 2 Footsteps Fearless, tens the rest.

The Race:—Pat Malone, Brandichoc and Larrikin retired and Footsteps Fearless began to move up and ultimately won by 1/2 length. Brandichoc robbed Pat Malone of his place money by 2 1/4 lengths. . Time—3 mins. 17 1/5 secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 37 win, Rs. 18 and 21 places.

THE PONY CONSOLATION PLATE—Five furlongs.

Mr. Bates' MASONIC, 8-11, Firth 1
Mr. Peter's LADY BUNNY, 10-7, Wing .. 2
Mr. Walker's MONEY DOWN, 6-7, F. Northmore 3

Also Ran:—Blackwell 6-11 (car 7-0), Bizon Belle 8-12, Pier 8-9.

Betting:—2 to 1 on Lady Bunny, threes Masonic, sixes Blackwell, tens the rest.

The Race:—Lady Bunny and Blackwell led locked together for three furlongs when Blackwell had enough. At this distance Lady Bunny seemed all over a winner but Firth on Masonic soon appeared near her. After a very exciting finish he won by a short head, four lengths between 2nd and 3rd. Time—1min. 3secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 40 win. Rs. 15 and 13 places.

THE HORSE CONSOLATION—Six furlongs.

Lt.-Col. Smith's BLUSTERER, 7-8, Vincent 1
H. H. of Cooch Behar's PORT OF SPAIN 8-4, Billett 2
Mr. Lauder's DONE AGAIN, 8-8, Barrett 3

Also Ran:—Tarquin 8-6, Agnes Aislabie 9-12, Home Brew 9-0, Loch Lochie, 8-13, Bisley 7-13 (car. 8-1), Blue Sapphire 7-11, White Sapphire 7-8, Hospodar 7-6.

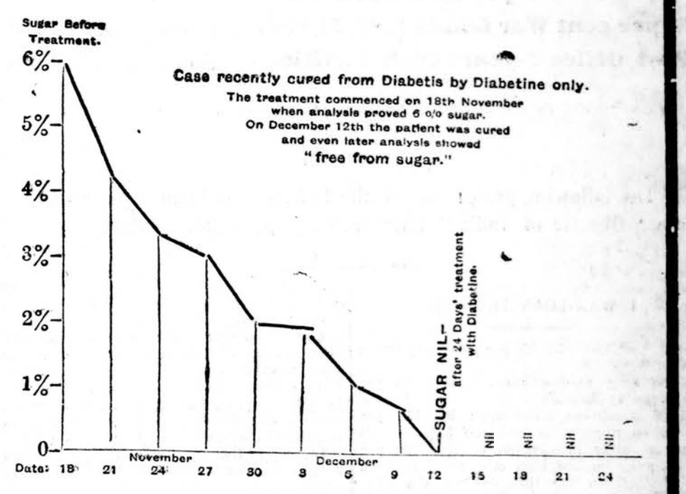
Betting—Evens Bisley, threes Port of Spain, fives Blusterer, sevens Hospolar, longer prices the rest.

The Race:—Start was wretcher. Blue Sapphire, Loch Lochie and Home Brew failed to get off with the others. Done Again and Hospodar raced together with Bisley next and then White Sapphire and Blusterer opposite the second stand. Blusterer led with Port of Spain coming strong. He failed, however, to catch the leader by a short head, head between 2nd and 3rd. Time—1min. 15 3/5secs.

Totes paid Rs. 108 win. Rs. 27, 18 and 42 places.

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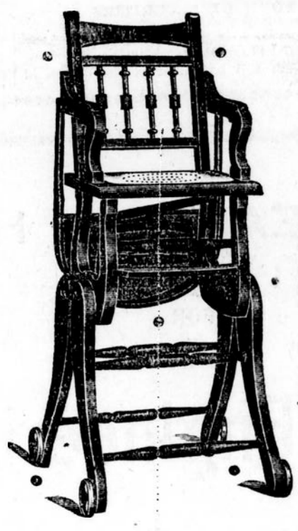
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INDIAN WAR LOAN.

The whole of the cash subscriptions received will be given to His Majesty's Government for the prosecution of the War.

5 per cent War Loan 1929—1947.
5½ per cent War Bonds 1920, 5½ per cent War Bonds 1922.
Post Office 5-years Cash certificates (Issue of 1917-18)

Principal and Interest Secured on the assets and revenues of the Government of India.

The following prospectus of the Indian War Loan is published in a "Gazette of India" Extraordinary published yesterday.

I. WAR LOAN 1929—1947.

Issue Price: Rs. 95 per cent. payable as follows:

For fully paid allotments: Rs. 95 per cent. on application.

For instalment allotments: Rs. 15 per cent. on application and the balance in four monthly instalments of Rs. 20 per cent. each on the 15th day, or if that be a Sunday, on the 16th day, of the first, second, third, and fourth months succeeding that in which the application is made.

Interest: Rs. 5 per cent. per annum payable on the 15th February and the 15th August.

Date of Redemption.—If not previously redeemed, the War Loan 1929—1947 will be repaid at par on the 15th August, 1947: but the Government of India reserve to themselves the right to redeem the Loan or any part of it at par, on or after the 15th August, 1929, on giving three calendar months' notice in the "Gazette of India."

Sinking Fund.—For the purpose of providing against depreciation in the market price of the War Loan 1929—1947, the Government of India undertake to set aside annually a sum equal to one and one-half per cent. of the amount of the War Loan 1929—1947 to form a fund to be used for the purchase of securities of that loan for cancellation, whenever the market price falls below the issue price.

II. WAR BONDS 1920 AND WAR BONDS 1922.

(FREE OF INCOME TAX).

Issue Price: Rs. 100 per cent. payable as follows:

For fully paid allotments: Rs. 100 per cent. on application.

For instalment allotments: Rs. 20 per cent. on application and the balance in four monthly instalments of Rs. 20 per cent. each on the 15th day, or if that day be a Sunday, on the 16th day, of the first, second, third, and fourth months succeeding that in which the application is made.

Interest: Rs. 5½ per cent. per annum payable on the 15th February and the 15th August.

Date of Redemption: War Bonds 1920 are repayable on the 15th August, 1920, War Bonds 1922 on the 15th August, 1922.

III. POST OFFICE 5-YEAR CASH CERTIFICATES.

(FREE OF INCOME TAX).

FOR

RS. 10, RS. 20, RS. 50, AND RS. 100,

PAYABLE 5 YEARS AFTER ISSUE.
ISSUE PRICE:

RS. 7-12, RS. 15-8, RS. 38-12' AND RS. 77-8

These certificates may also be cashed at the Post Office of issue at any time during the five-year period at the rates prescribed in the Loan Notification.

FORM OF SECURITIES.

1. Securities in respect of War Loan 1929—1947, War Bonds 1920 and War Bonds 1922, will be issued at the option of the applicant (to be stated in his application) in the following forms—

(1) Inscribed Stock Certificate transferable by deed;

(2) Promissory Notes transferable by endorsement;

(3) Bearer Bonds transferable by delivery.

In the absence of any specified option, securities will, in the first instance, be issued in the form of Inscribed Stock Certificates.

INCOME-TAX.

2. Interest on War Bonds 1920 and War Bonds 1922 will be exempt from income-tax but not from super-tax.

Interest on War Loan 1929—1947 is not exempt from income-tax or super-tax, Income-tax will be levied in accordance with the provisions of Part III of the Second Schedule of the Income-tax Act.

CONVERSION RIGHTS.

3. For every Rs. 100 (nominal) of War Loan 1929—1947 taken up, the subscriber may convert Rs. 150 (nominal) of the 3 per cent., of any of the 3½ per cent. Rupee Loans, or of the 4 per cent. Conversion Loan, 1916-17, of the Government of India, and receive in lieu thereof War Loan 1929—1947 at the rate of—

Rs. 65 War Loan (nominal), for every Rs. 100 (nominal), of 3 per cent. loan converted.

Rs. 76 War Loan (nominal), for every Rs. 100 (nominal), of 3½ per cent. loan converted.

Rs. 92 War Loan (nominal), for every Rs. 100 (nominal), of 4 per cent. Conversion Loan converted together with such further amount of War Loan as may be required to make up an exact multiple of Rs. 100, subject to the payment in cash of this further amount less one anna in the rupee.

4. Conversion rights may be exercised at any time after the 1st November, 1917, but not later than the 15th January, 1918. Conversion warrants will be negotiable and will be issued in Bearer form.

5. Securities of War Loan 1929—1947 issued by conversion will bear interest from the 15th August, 1917. No interest will be paid separately in respect of the cash payments made under clause 3 above.

6. Holdings of War Loan 1929—1947, War Bonds 1920, and War Bonds 1922, do not carry any right of conversion into any future issue that may be made by the Government of India.

7. Applications for War Loan 1929—1947, War Bonds 1920 and War Bonds 1922 (other than applications through the Post Office) may be presented any day from Thursday, the 15th March 1917, to Friday, the 15th June 1917, to any of the following officers or persons:—

(1) The Controller of Currency, Calcutta, or any Provincial Accountant General or Comptroller,

(2) The Secretaries and Treasurers, Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras, at their Head Offices, or the Agents of these Banks at any Indian Branch, and

(3) Officers in charge of Government treasuries at district headquarters.

8. Applications must be for sums of Rs. 100 or multiples of that sum.

9. Applications for the sum of Rs. 100 only must in all cases be accompanied by full payment, namely, Rs. 95 in the case of War Loan 1929—1947, and Rs. 100 in the case of War Bonds 1920 and War Bonds 1922.

10. Applications for sums of Rs. 200 or more in War Loan 1929—1947, War Bonds 1920 or War Bonds 1922 may be either for:—

(a) Fully paid allotments, or

(b) Instalment allotments.

11. A commission of one-eighth per cent. will be allowed to recognised bankers and brokers on allotments made in respect of cash applications bearing their stamp, but this commission will not be allowed in respect of applications received through the Post Office, including applications for Post Office 5-year Cash Certificates, or in respect of applications for conversion.

Forms of application may be obtained from the Accountant General or any Bank or broker or any District Treasury.

POST OFFICE SECTION.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH THE POST OFFICE.

12. Applications for War Loan 1929—1947, War Bonds 1920, and War Bonds 1922 will also be received at any Post Office authorised to transact savings bank business from Thursday, the 15th March 1917, to Monday, the 15th October 1917, from any person whether previously a depositor in the Post Office savings bank or not, subject to the conditions stated in the following clauses.

13. Applications through the Post Office must be for sums of Rs. 25 or any multiple thereof. The same person may not apply for or hold through the Post Office more than Rs. 22,500 in all under this Notification, of which not more than Rs. 7,500 may be in War Loan 1929—1947; not more than Rs. 7,500 may be in War Bonds 1920 and War Bonds 1922 singly or together; and not more than Rs. 7,500 may be in Post Office 5-year Cash Certificates—see clause 23.

Notes—(1) Applications through the Post Office under this Notification will be permitted irrespective of any holdings of other securities previously obtained through the Post Office.

(2) Amounts of War Loan 1929-47 obtained by conversion will not be taken into account in applying the above limits.

14. Amounts applying for must be paid in full with the application and are not payable in instalments. But the same person may present more than one application, provided his aggregate applications do not exceed the limits prescribed in clause 13.

15. The payments due as in the preceding clause may be made in either of the following ways or partly in each:—

(a) By transfer from any balance in cash standing at the credit of the applicant's savings banks account if he has one;

(b) By a payment in coin or currency notes, or by a crossed cheque drawn on a recognised Bank in favour of the Head Postmaster of the place at which such Bank is established.

16. Securities in respect of applications made through the Post Office will be issued either in the form of Promissory Notes or Stock Certificates. Securities thus issued may be left in the custody of the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

17. Interest payable on War Bonds 1920 and War Bonds 1922 is exempt from income-tax. Securities of the War Loan 1929—1947 are specially exempted from income-tax if deposited with the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, and for so long as they are so deposited.

18. An applicant for War Loan 1929—1947 through the Post Office will receive a negotiable Conversion warrant (together with forms of application for conversion) enabling him to exercise the rights specified in clause 3 above.

19. Conversion of securities of the 3 per cent., of any of the 3½ per cent. Rupee Loans or of the 4 per cent. Conversion Loan, 1916-17, will, subject to the cash payment, if any, referred to in clause 3, be effected by the Post Office in all cases in which the securities tendered for conversion are already in deposit with, or were originally purchased by the convertor through, the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, on presentation at any Post Office savings bank office, after the 1st November, 1917, and before the 15th January, 1918,

(a) Of the necessary Conversion warrants (whether obtained through the Post Office or not) and the form of application for conversion duly filled up; and

(b) Of the securities (if any) endorsed to the Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

Forms of application may be obtained from any Post Office.

POST OFFICE 5-YEAR CASH CERTIFICATES.

CERTIFICATES FOR RS. 10, RS. 20, RS. 50 and RS. 100 PAYABLE FIVE YEARS AFTER ISSUE.

20. Post Office 5-year Cash Certificates may be obtained at any time on and after the 1st April, 1917, at all Post Offices at which savings bank business is transacted.

21. These Certificates will be in four denominations:—

Rs. 10 obtainable on payment of Rs. 7-12.
Rs. 20 obtainable on payment of Rs. 15-8.
Rs. 50 obtainable on payment of Rs. 38-12.

Rs. 100 obtainable on payment of Rs. 77-8.

22. The full amount shown in the Certificate will be payable five years after the date of issue. But at any time within the five years' period the holder will be entitled to payment in cash at the rates prescribed in the Loan Notification.

23. The maximum holding of these Certificates by any single individual shall not exceed Rs. 7,500 irrespective of any holdings of securities obtained by him through the Post Office of 3 per cent., 3½ per cent., or 4 per cent. Rupee Loans, or of War Loan 1929—1947 or War Bonds 1920 or War Bonds 1922.

24. These Certificates may not be transferred except by permission of the Postmaster-General of the Circle in which the Post Office of issue is situated.

25. Forms of applications for these Certificates may be obtained from any Post Office.

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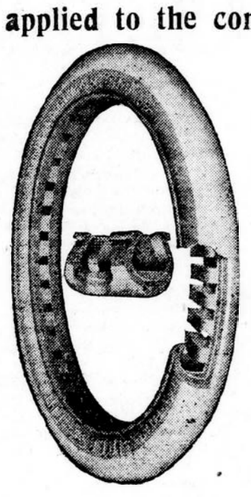
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There is nothing new in principle. It is modern engineering applied to the construction of an automobile tire.



When the engineer constructs a bridge, he estimates the weight the bridge must carry, then builds piers at intervals and places beams from pier to pier sufficient to carry the load.

An automobile wheel is built of spokes and a felloe which is the same principle as piers of a bridge and beams from pier to pier.

Similarly a Dayton Airless tire is constructed of piers or spokes of rubber and an annular rib of straight cut fabric and rubber corresponding to the beams of a bridge or the felloe of a wheel.

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